THE WEATHER.

Clearing Tuesday; Wednesday, generally fair; light to moderate variable winds.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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NO FURTHER FEAR OF INTERVENTION

Mexican Officials Get Reassuring Messages From the United States

GOVERNMENTS PULL TOGETHER

Reason for American Battleships Calling at Mexican Ports is Explained—Troops Remain on the Border.

New York, March 13.—The Mexican ambassador here and the Mexican minister of France, received assurances from Washington tonight which convinced them that there is sincere co-operation between the administration of President Taft and that of President Diaz. It is professed that all tension has been slackened and while American troops remain in force on the Mexican border, it is admitted that some tension will continue, but the edge of apprehension was appreciably blunted tonight by two capital pieces of news.

First in importance was a long telegram to Ambassador De LaBarra from the State Department at Washington announcing that the United States warships assigned to patrol duty on the Pacific and Gulf coasts of Mexico had been ordred to call at Mexican ports only for coal and then to withdraw promptly.

This action is deeply reassuring to Senor Limantour. In a recent interview he said that he could only consider the presence of American men-of-war in Mexican waters so far distant from their base at Galveston was part of an unnecessary effort to impress on Mexico the power of the United States. His personal protest was promptly followed by official representations and tonight he expressed himself as "very much gratified that the request of his government had been so promptly granted." Ambassador De LaBarra added that the action "was highly satisfactory to his government and that perfect understanding exists between the two governments regarding the matter."

The second development was the publication here of an authorized interview with Jacob M. Dickinson, the Secretary of War, in which he denied that his government contemplated intervention or that orders had been issued to mobilize a second army corps on the frontier. A rumor to that effect originating in Galveston had grown during the day, but Gen. Leonard Wood, in Washington, added his denials to those of Secretary Dickinson.

Of all the important financial visitors to Senor Limantour not one has yet had a single word to say. Weight is therefore to be attached to a statement issued tonight from the offices of the Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., financial agents here for the Mexican government and associated in the flotation of the National Railways of Mexico, to their foreign correspondents.

"After a most careful investigation," runs the statement in part, "we can say on best authority that the Mexican government feels absolutely safe to handle the internal disturbances and that steps are being taken not only to dispose of this situation, but that intention exists to carry through certain administrative reforms, which should mean much for restoring politically satisfactory conditions in the interior."

Senor Limantour made a positive denial today of the reports that he had been conferring with the Maderos and their associates here with the view of bringing about a cessation of hostilities.

"There can be no negotiations with insurrectionists or consideration of their alleged grievances except that they first lay down their arms." He added, "Therefore, I can only emphatically deny that there have been such negotiations in New York in behalf of my government in which I, or any other representative has taken part. As I have previously stated also, if the insurrectionists were to surrender absolutely my government would then undertake to study the broad questions involved in the alleged grievances of the insurrectionists."

Approve Drastic Measure.

Mexico City, Mexico, March 13.—Mexico's proposed war measure, the bill to suspend certain conceded personal rights under specified circumstances, was approved today by the permanent commission of Congress in the form as drafted by the Department of the Interior.

Apparently taking it for granted that the bill would become a law, the War Department has already made its plans for co-operation. The guards along highways and railways will be doubled, according to Gen. Manuel Cosio, Minister of War.

The bill was presented at today's session of the permanent commission members of deputies and the senate, to which it had been referred. Committeeman Ricardo Guzman, in presenting the report of the sub-committee, said that the commissioners were in full accord with the executive on the grounds that the revolution in Chihuahua was in reality nothing more than a persistent attack on the security of persons and property and especially on the line of communication. The situation, he said, called for a speedy and energetic campaign of suppression.

NAVAL MATTER IN PARLIAMENT

Strength of British Navy Governed by That of Germany—Foreign Secretary Parises Arbitration Speech of Taft.

London, March 13.—Reginald McKenna, first lord of the admiralty, in the House of Common tonight, defended his estimates against attacks from certain quarters and explained that in 1914 Great Britain would have 30 and Germany 21 dreadnoughts—not, he said, an unreasonable margin. The size of the British navy, he added, practically was governed by that of Germany, and unless some change occurred in the German naval law, this year would be the high water mark in the British estimates.

Sir Edward Grey, foreign secretary, affirming Mr. McKenna's statements, emphasized the difficulties to be encountered in the disarmament question and pointed out that it was the most civilized nations that spent the most on armaments, asserting that unless the mischief was brought home to men's feelings as well as to their minds, the growth of armaments must in the long run break civilization down. Secretary Grey said the rivalry would not be stopped by any single nation dropping out of the race. Although Great Britain had a strong navy, her army was small and an agreement with Germany needed careful handling. He was hopeful, however, that something might be done. Any real limitation of armaments, he declared, must depend on nations learning, like individuals to resort to law instead of force of arms. He referred to President Taft's arbitration speech as both courageous and pregnant with consequences and said: "Such a statement ought not to go without response. We should be delighted to have such a proposal made to us. We should feel that it was something so momentous and so far reaching in its possible consequences that it would require not only the signature of both government, but the deliberate and decided sanction of Parliament. That, I believe, would be given."

INFLUENCE OF THE PRESS.

Discussed by W. J. Bryan and Rollo Ogden, in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 13.—William Jennings Bryan and Rollo Ogden, editor of the New York Evening Post, discussed "The Influence of the Modern Newspaper" here tonight, at a meeting of the Contemporary Club.

Mr. Bryan declared that the modern newspaper has lost much prestige and influence. Among the causes for this loss of influence, he said, was the devotion of too much space to crime and domestic infelicity. Because the public seemed to demand news of this description, he said, was no reason that it should be used. A journalist should not sell things that are not good for the public to read.

Another evil, Mr. Bryan declared, is the discussion of public questions from a sensational standpoint. For example, he decried the manner in which the present movement of troops is being described in some newspapers. Such discussion is apt, he said, to endanger a situation which might easily cause an international controversy.

Editorials which do not express the opinion of the writers, but are ordered by the business offices of the papers are another great evil, declared Mr. Bryan, who said: "The greatest menace to our country today is the pollution of the editorial and news columns by interests that are practicing grand larceny on the people. Many of our great newspapers are owned by interests which have their hands in the pockets of the people and use the papers to chloroform the readers."

Mr. Bryan advocated the passage of a law which would compel newspapers to publish not only the names of their nominal owners, but also the holders of mortgages upon the properties.

Mr. Ogden, who had opened the discussion, said, when Mr. Bryan had concluded: "Mr. Bryan has spoken some great truths, but if it can be said that 'the people have the priests and politicians that they deserve' they also have the newspapers they deserve."

LAW ABOUT TELEGRAPHERS.

Decision Regarding the Federal "House of Service Laws."

Washington, March 13.—Railroads which employ telegraph operators for six hours and then, after an interval, for three more, comply with the Federal "hours of service law "of 1907. Such was the decision today of the Supreme Court of the United States despite the claim of the government that the nine hours must be consecutive.

The question of the meaning of the law arose in a proceeding begun by the Federal Government against the Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe Railroad Co., to recover a penalty for an alleged violation.

A telegraph operator at Corwith, Ill., just outside of Chicago, remained on duty from 6:30 A. M. until noon daily. He then laid off work until 3 P. M., when he resumed duty to quit for the day at 6:30 P. M. The government claims that this was a violation of the law designed to avoid railroad accidents due to fatigue on the part of the employes. The railway company contended that the law intended merely that the strain incident to continuous work should be relieved by intermission and did not require the employment of more operators than were needed to carry on the work safely.

TAFT AT AUGUSTA SPENDS BUSY DAY

Acting Secretary of State Holds Conference With the President

TROOPS NOW ON THE BORDER

Delighted With Action of Supreme Court in Upholding Corporation Tax—Sees Two New York Publishers.

Augusta, Ga., March 13.—Huntington Wilson, acting Secretary of State, slipped unexpectedly into Augusta today and had an hour's conference with President Taft. He brought a heavy portfolio of official papers with him Mr. Wilson returned to Washington tonight.

On his way to Augusta Mr. Wilson stopped over at Aiken, S. C., where Mrs. Wilson, who accompanied him from Washington, will spend a week or two. It was later stated officially that the acting secretary's trip to the South at this time was due entirely to his wish to accompany Mrs. Wilson to Aiken.

Coincident with the arrival of Mr. Wilson, President Taft received dispatches from Gen. Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, stating that the mobilization of troops in Texas is practically complete.

The patrolling of the Mexican border, it is said, undoubtedly will be accomplished largely through a series of practice marches or "hikes" as they are known to the army. This will enable the War Department to carry out its programme of useful training to the officers and men as part of the work of maintaining the neutrality laws.

It can be stated positively that there is at present no intention of increasing the number of troops now in Texas. It is believed that a sufficient force is now on the ground for patrol work for any immediate emergency that might arise.

Acting Secretary Wilson's visit to the President offered an opportunity for an official denial of a report recently sent out from Washington that there had been friction between President Taft and the Department of State officials, including Secretary Knox, regarding the handling of the Mexican situation.

President Taft was delighted beyond measure today when informed of the decision of the United States Supreme Court upholding the validity of the corporation tax law. Mr. Taft's insistence put this law on the statute books. All during the long tariff fight over the Payne-Aldrich bill the President insisted that such a tax would be held to be constitutional despite the fact that many senators and others who opposed it expressed the belief that it would not stand a test before the highest tribunal in the land.

The bitterness with which the tax was fought was reflected in the statement of a Chicago banker, now stopping in Augusta that his institution alone put up $10,000 to test the validity of the law.

It now seems practically assured that President Taft, while in Augusta, will not act on either one of the cases of the two convicted bankers, Charles W. Morse, of New York, and John R. Walsh, of Chicago. The President has not looked at the papers. To act upon them as he usually acts upon pardon cases would require several days of office or library work.

The President came to Augusta for rest and is anxious to spend as much of his time as possible out of doors.

Mr. Taft today talked over the subject of magazine postage with Albert Shaw and W. B. Holland, two New York publishers.

Today the President made the 18 holes of the Country Club Golf course in 97 as against 101 on Saturday last and is much pleased with the improvement his game has shown.

During an automobile ride this afternoon the President visited the Augusta arsenal and was received with a salute of 21 guns.

CHARTERS ISSUED.

Number of New Business Enterprises Are Authorized by State.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, North Carolina, March 13—The Secretary of State granted charters today to the Gaston Iron Works, Gastonia, to engage in general foundry work, capital $100,000; paid in $1,000, by B. Frank Morris, W. L. Smith and H. O. Childress, of Gastonia; F. D. Barkley Company, of Gastonia, wholesale grocery, authorized capital $25,000, paid in $12,000, by F. D. Barkley, H. M. Boshamer and J. H. Separk; Guilford Telephone Company, Guilford College, authorized capital $6,000, paid in $240 by D. W. Lindley, Lee S. Smith and J. G. Frazier; Wilson Ice and Fuel Company, Wilson, capital stock $125,000, paid in $15,000, by T. M. Washington, W. J. Boykin and George D. Green; Deal-Palmer Company, to do general lumber business at Weldon, capital $50,000, paid in $7,100 by W. F. Deal, of Emporia, Va.; F. L. Palmer, Weldon, and W. G. Hall, of Emporia, Va.

Beulah McCoy, a negro woman, has been bound over to the Superior Court at Concord, on the charge of setting fire to the house of another negro woman, is the gist of a message received today by State Insurance Commissioner Young.

CAPT. KNIGHT NOW ON TRIAL

Court Martial in Connection With the Sinking of Monitor Puritan in Hampton Roads—Rear Admiral on Stand.

Norfolk, Va., March 13.—Rear Admiral W. A. Marshall, commanding the Norfolk navy yard, today took the stand as the most important witness up to this time before the court martial, which is trying Capt. Austin M. Knight, in connection with the sinking of the monitor Puritan here last Fall, following explosive tests to which the vessel was subjected under the direction of Capt. Knight. There have been wide variance between Admiral Marshall and Capt. Knight as to the responsibility for the sinking of the Puritan.

Admiral Marshall testified that he considered ordinance from Washington to be in full charge of the monitor Puritan and Capt. Knight to be in direct charge from the time he boarded the Puritan and proceeded with her in tow to the anchorage, where the experimental tests which resulted in her sinking were subsequently conducted. Admiral Marshall said that Capt. Knight first wanted the tests to occur at the south dock at the navy yard, but he vetoed this because he considered it dangerous to discharge high explosives close to the navy yard buildings. Admiral Marshall said the departmental order to have a dock in readiness for the docking of the Puritan after the tests was complied with and though there were two tugs and a coal barge in the dock which had been designated, he regarded that these could be removed in two hours' time and as it required three hours to tow the Puritan from the yard to Hampton Roads' anchorage he estimated it would require at least this much time to tow her back. Major Leonard, conducting the defense of Capt. Knight, sought to show that Admiral Marshall and not Capt. Knight was in charge of the Puritan. Admiral Marshall said that Constructor Gilmore reported to him that Chief Constructor Watt regarded it as a risky thing to attempt to bring the Puritan to the navy yard and that no application was made to him in the matter.

The court martial has developed from the view point of the defense that Capt. Knight carried out his orders, discharged the 200-pound case of nitro-glycerine and after his work was done retired to the monitor Tallahassee. The fact that the Puritan floated 20 hours after Capt. Knight's work was done is the ground upon which the defense believes the court may find it necessary to fasten responsibility elsewhere.

STATE MILITIA OFFICERS.

Anxious to Accept War Department's Invitation to Go to "Front."

Washington, March 13.—The enthusiasm of the officers of the militia of the various States and territories over the opportunity offered them by the War Department for field experience in the present military operations in the Southern borders continues unabated. General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, has received a total of 1,950 acceptances.

Major General Carter, commanding the troops at San Antonio, has been asked by the War Department to prepare a programme indicating the number of militia officers he can accommodate at one time. When this is received the Department will arrange a schedule with a view to granting if possible, field instruction to all the officers of the militia, who have accepted the Department's invitation. According to the present plan about 200 militia officers will be sent southward at one time and the period of instruction will be about two weeks each.

MAY FLOAT BIG STEAMER.

Succeeded in Moving the Manchuria 100 Feet Yesterday.

Norfolk, Va., March 13.—Wreckers now at work on the stranded British steamship Manchuria succeeded today in moving her about 100 feet. They are still discharging her cargo with the hope of floating her when 1,500 or 2,000 tons of her cargo of coal shall have been discharged. The work of discharging this at sea is necessarily slow.

OUTLINES.

The corporation tax act was held constitutional in a decision rendered yesterday in the United States Supreme Court. The action of the tribunal ended a long controversy. Justice Day explained the law and its effect on corporations —— President Taft held a conference yesterday with Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson at Augusta. He was informed during the day that the mobilization of troops on the Mexican border had been completed——The trial of Lewis West and his gang will begin today at Wilson. West will be carried under guard from Raleigh to stand trial ——Capt. Oscar G. Creighton, a Harvard graduate, leading a band of rebels in Mexico camped near the border yesterday. There is no fear of an attack on Juarez——W. J. Bryan discussed "The Influence of the Modern Newspaper" in Philadelphia yesterday.——New York markets: Money on call steady 2 1-4 to 2 1-2 per cent., ruling rate 2 3-8, closing bid 2 1-4, offered at 2 3-8; spot closed quiet, middling uplands 14.65, middling gulf 14.90; flour was barely steady with a moderate jobbing trade; wheat spot steady, No. 2, red 93 7-8 elevator and 91 5-8 fob afloat; corn spot steady, No. 2, 53 1-2 fob afloat; oats spot firm No. 2, 37; turpentine firm.

AMERICAN LEADER OF A REBEL BAND

Capt. Creighton Now Camps With Mexican Insurrectos Near Juarez

NOT PLANNING AN ATTACK

Many of His Followers Also Americans—Arrival Near Border Was Spectacular—A Trail of Destruction.

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—Capt. Oscar G. Creighton, a Harvard graduate, with a band of insurrectos, many of whom are also Americans, tonight camped 15 miles south of Juarez. No fear is felt that the insurrectos are planning an attack on Juarez, where business continues as usual.

The presence of the revolutionists is looked on as an effort to induce Gen. Navarro's 2,000 men to take the field.

Creighton reached the vicinity of Juarez after a march from the south of about 100 miles along the Mexican railroad, leaving in his wake a trail of burning bridges. His arrival near the border was spectacular; for after releasing 25 Americans who had gone into Mexico to investigate a mine at Cihcago, 100 miles south, and who had sought his protection, he waited until dark to announce his presence by a terrific explosion, which wrecked a bridge at Mesa, ten miles south of Juarez.

The destruction of the bridge tied up the railroad, which for a time had been open as far as Candelaria. It also put an end to the hope of sending relief by train to Chihuahua.

D. B. Smith, W. T. Swoyer, and Marshall Cassidy, who led the mining party, reached El Paso tonight and told the story of their trip. Creighton came from New York City, they said.

Citizens of the United States are rapidly becoming leaders of small bands of insurrectos, according to reports from the interior. Where they are not experienced enough to take commands, they are grouped under command of their own countrymen.

Scores of Americans are applying for enlistment at the insurrecto junta despite the threat of the Diaz government to punish with death any one participating even in a slight degree with the revolutionary movement. What disposition is made of the applicants is not given out by the junta, but it is known that the men do not remain long in El Paso.

Much fear is expressed as to the fate of 15 Americans who were taken prisoners by the Federal troops at Casas Grandes a week ago. It is the opinion of some that the men were shot.

The story of Creighton's campaign through the heart of northern Mexico without opposition by Federal troops caused much comment in El Paso. It was said that throughout his entire march not a shot was fired at him.

According to reports received by the junta six Federal soldiers were killed today at Saragosa, on the border, 12 miles east of El Paso. The Federals went out from Juarez to lay a mine under a road and the mine exploded prematurely.

Creighton is Unknown.

Boston, Mass., Marcfi 13.—The name of Capt. Oscar G. Creighton, an insurrecto leader, reported in Mexican dispatches tonight as being a Harvard graduate, does not appear in any of the several Harvard College and university directories. No person who could be reached at Cambridge tonight was able to recall the name.

Aftermath of Battle.

Douglass, Ariz., March 13.—From midnight until dawn today, following the battle of Agua Prieta, the Mesas East and West were dotted with the signal fires of the rebels. A strong force of insurrectos is reported to be a short distance southwest of the city. An automobile load of dynamite was taken across the line today and planted in secret locations throughout Agua Prieta for defense against another rebel attack.

The bodies of two Federal soldiers were found on the Agua Prieta battlefield of yesterday. This brings the total Federal dead to 13.

The dead Federal soldiers brought into Agua Prieta last night were lying in the bull ring today. The uniforms had been removed and civilian garb had been wrapped around their bodies.

Lieutenant Stallman, surgeon of the third United States cavalry, and Dr. Vaniman, of Douglass, visited the wounded Federals today and tendered their professional assistance to Colonel Mora, but the offer was not accepted. The wounded lay in distress on the floor of an a dobe house. The Americans offered in vain to supply cots, dress the wounds and put supplies on the shattered limbs.

Another American General.

Mexicali, Mexico, March 13.—Gen. William Stanley, an American, with the Mexican rebels, tonight started to wage warfare east of here. Before leaving he issued a manifesto in which he accepted the Diaz suspension of the unconstitutional guarantee and in reply declared that he would shoot every Mexican army private or officer captured. Stanley's first objective is Algodones. Stanley said that he would blow up more railroad tracks and bridges, but that he would protect American property and irrigation works.

NO MORE TROOPS TO BORDER

General Wood Denies Persistent Rumors—War Department to Shift Officers—Maneuvers at San Antonio, Tex.—Details.

Washington, March 13. — General Wood today denied that the War Department has ordered or was contemplating ordering more troops to the South. This statement was made because of persistent rumors that another division of 20,000 men was about to be assembled on the border.

It is the intention of the War Department, it developed today, to change from time to time the general officers now in command of the troops mobilizing in the South, in order that the whole staff of officers in the army may be given an opportunity to see command of larger bodies of soldiers. The officers of the organized militia will be attached to the officers of the regular army of equal grade for purposes of instruction.

General Wood also denied that there was intention as has been reported of sending two cavalry regiments from San Antonio to the border line. He said the actual patrol of the frontier would not be increased at the present time and that the cavalry, which is assembling as part of the division at San Antonio would not be detached from the camp.

"The maneuver division," it is said at the War Department, will be maintained in the South until well into the Summer.

The "Maneuvre Division."

San Antonio, Texas, March 13.—Major General W. H. Carter, commander of the "maneuvre division" today said that the maneuvres in San Antonio were to try out some new field regulations. "There is no other significance attached to the assembling of troops in San Antonio," said General Carter.

"The War Department looked upon San Antonio as a place adapted for maneuvres, and that is why the troops are here. There is everything here that might be met with in the field.

"Th division now assembling here might be called a brick around which we purpose to build a house, or, one might say, it is a nucleus of an army. We have this division.

"There is positively no truth in the rumor that additional troops have been ordered here. If such were the case, I am sure that I would know something about it."

Major von Herwerth, of the German army, military attache of the embassy at Washington, is the first representative of the European armies on the ground. He will be here at least two weeks. That other foreign attaches are on the way was made certain today when provision was made for tentage for those who prefer living in camp rather than hotels.

All of the troops ordered here are on the ground, except the Ninth cavalry and the Fourth field artillery, from Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming.

HAIL AT LUMBERTON.

Session of Mayor's Court for Liquor Cases—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, March 13.—About four o'clock this afternoon this section was visited by a severe wind and rain storm, accompanied by a light fall of hail, and heavy thunder and lightning, which continued well into the night.

On account of the rush of business, Mayor Rowland held two sessions of court today—morning and afternoon. At the morning session a white man by the name of Barber was required to give a $50 bond for his appearance at the higher court in July, for disturbing a religious congregation, the offense having been committed at the Gospel Tabernacle last night. It is said that Barber was drunk and disturbed the congregation by talking. When called down by the preacher, he paid no attention. Failing to give bond, he went to jail. Jasper Collins paid $11 fine and costs and damage done in jail. At the afternoon session, Will Rozier, colored, paid $7 or $8 fine and costs, for being drunk Saturday. Howard Matheson, colored, charged with retailing, got off with $8.05. At the completion of the hearing of the case of Hector Gilchrist, colored, about 7 o'clock, court took a recess until 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, at which time the mayor will render his decision as to whether or not Gilchrist was guilty of retailing, and to hear the case of Hector Gavin, on the same charge.

Mr. E. D. McNeill received a telegram from Dr. Kelly, in Baltimore, today, stating that Mrs. McNeill, who is there for treatment, was doing splendid, there being no cause for immediate anxiety.

SUICIDE NEAR NEWBERN.

Despondent Over Ill Health Young Woman Ends Her Life.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., March 13.—Yesterday morning about 9:30 o'clock, Miss Mattie Barrington, 18 years old, daughter of Jesse Barrington, of Ernuls, a small station on the Norfolk Southern railroad, seven miles from Newbern, committed suicide by blowing part of her head off with a double-barrel shot gun. She went into an unoccupied room, loaded the gun with No. 4 shot, placed it on the floor and against her head and then touched the trigger. Ill health is supposed to be the cause of the deed.

DECISION UPHOLDS CORPORATION TAX

Action of Supreme Court Ended Long Fight Against the Act

JUSTICE DAY DEFINES LAW

Important Decision Has Been Awaited With Interest—Justice Discussed Various Objections to the Tax — Explained.

Washington, March 13.—In an unanimous opinion the Supreme Court of the United States today held that the corporation provisions of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Act, were constitutional. This ended a controversy waged almost continuously since President Taft first suggested their enactment to Congress.

The opinion was announced by Justice Day, appointed to the Supreme Court bench from Ohio in 1903. It was elaborate treatment of the subject containing approximately 10,000 words. About half an hour was spent by the justice orally explaining to the bar the position of the court, the printed opinion being used as a basis for the remarks.

The justice first determined that the tax was just what it claimed to be in the act, namely, an excise tax on the doing of corporate business and not a direct tax on the ownership of property. With the point decided the justice took up at more or less length the various objections urged against the tax as an excise tax and disposed of them to the satisfaction of the court. Finally he interpreted the law so as to apply to real estate companies and the so-called public service corporations, but not to "real estate trusts."

The opinion predicates that the tax is imposed not upon the franchises of the corporation, irrespective of their use in business, nor upon the property of the corporation, but upon the doing of corporate or insurance business, and with respect to the carrying on there of in a sum equivalent to one per centum of the entire net income over and above $5,000 received from all sources during the year; that is, when imposed in this manner is a tax upon the doing of business with the advantages, which inhere in the pecularities of corporate or joint stock organization of the character described. As the latter organizations share many benefits of corporate organization it may be described generally as a tax upon the doing of business in a corporate capacity.

"This view of the measures of the tax is strengthened when we note that as to organizations under the laws of foreign countries the amount of net income over and above $5,000 includes that received from business transactions and capital invested in the United States, the territories, Alaska and District of Columbia."

Various Objections.

Answering the various objections raised against the tax, Justice Day first took up the contention that it was a direct tax and unconstitutional for the same reasons that the famous income tax law was declared unconstitutional in 1905. He pointed out that the income tax was held to be direct because imposed upon property simply because of its ownership.

"In the present case," said Justice Day," the tax is not payable unless there is a carrying on or doing business in the designated capacity and this is made the occasion for the tax, measured by the standard prescribed."

Justice Day next took up the objection that the provisions in question levied a tax upon the exclusive right of the State to grant corporate franchises, in that it taxed franchises which are the creation of a State in its sovereign right and authority.

"We think," says the opinion. "It is the result of the cases heretofore decided in this court, that such business activities, though exercised because of State created franchises, are not beyond the taxing power of the United States.

"It cannot be supposed that it was intended that it should be within the power of the individuals acting under State authority, to thus impair and limit the exertion of authority, which may be essential to National existence."

Justice Day next addressed himself to the objection that the tax was unequal to arbitrary. "The thing taxed," he said, is not the mere dealing in merchandise, in which the actual transactions may be the same, whether conducted by individuals or corporations, but the tax is laid upon the privileges which exist in conducting business with the advantages which inhere in the corporate capacity of those taxed and which are not enjoyed by private firms or individuals. Those advantages are obvious and have led to the formation of such companies in nearly all branches of trade. The continuity of the business without interruption by death or dissolution of shares of stock the advantages of business controlled and managed by corporate directors, the general absence of individual liability, these and other things inhere in

the advantages of business thus conducted, which do not exist when the same business is conducted by private individuals or partnerships.

Measurement of the tax by the net income from all sources, according to the opinion is not so unequal and arbitrary to be outside of the authority of the tax power.

"We must not forget that the right to select the measure and objects of taxation devolves upon the Congress and not upon the courts and such selections are valid unless constitutional limitations are overstepped."

The court was able to find no such violation of constitutional limitations.

Real Estate Companies.

With regard to real estate companies the justice said:

"We think it clear that corporations organized for the purpose of doing business and actually engaged in such activities as leasing property, collecting rents managing office buildings, making investments of profits, oleasing ore lands and collecting royalties, managing wharves, dividing profits, and in some cases investing the surplus are engaged in doing business within the meaning of this statute and in the capacity necessary to make such organizations, subject to the law."

The court held that it was no part of the essential governmental functions of a State to provide means of transportation, supply artificial light, water and the like. Therefore, it was determined that the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company, and the Inter-borough Rapid Transit Company, of New York, are subject to the tax.

After dealing at length with numerous other objections to the law, Justice Day came to the attack upon it based on the so-called publicity features of the provisions which require certain returns to be made to the government as an aid in the assessment of a tax.

"The taxation being, as we have held," said the justice, 'within the legitimate powers of Congress it is for that body to determine what means are approporiate and adapted to the purposes of making the law effectual."

The opinion thus summarized covers fifteen of the eighteen cases in which the constitutionality of the tax was assailed. The non-applicability of the act to the real estate trusts was decided in the other three cases.

In these cases, the law was held in applicable to the Department Store Trust and to the Cushing Real Estate Trust, both of Boston, on the ground that the trusts were not organized under the statutes of the State or of the United States, but existed merely under the common law.

The Minneapolis syndicate was held not liable to the tax, because the real estate which it held before a recent organization, had gone out of its control and therefore, the syndicate was not "doing business" within the meaning of the law.

History of Fight is Given.

The fight against the constitutionality of the corporation tax began almost immediately after the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law of 1909, of which it is a part. During the long days of wrangling in Congress over that measure, President Taft originated a plan to raise part of the revenue necessary for the running of the government by imposing a corporation tax. He is said to have made the first rough draft of the proposed law and to have asked the Department of Justice to perfect it.

Scarcely 15 years before, the Supreme Court of the United States had declared unconstitutional the Income Tax measure enacted by Congress. In order to have a valid tax, the errors of that law had to be avoided. Finally the attention of the members of the House and Senate were called to the proposed corporation tax as a constitutional measure. It was urged as preferable to another income tax which, it was argued, probably would be declared unconstitutional and as under the circumstances better legislation than an inheritance tax. When the tariff bill was in the Senate, the corporation tax provisions were inserted as an amendment to the Payne bill passed by the House. They remained there and became a part of the tariff act.

The provisions of the law stated that the tax was a "special excise tax with respect to the carrying on or doing business." It was to be paid by "every corporation, joint stock company or association organized for profit and having a capital stock represented by shares, and every insurance company," organized under the laws of the United States or of any State or Territory. It was provided that the tax should be "equivalent to 1 per centum upon the entire net income over and above $5,000 received from all sources, exclusive of amounts received as dividends upon stock of other corporations, joint stock compamies, or associations, or insurance companies, subject to the tax.

The law provided also that returns should be made by these taxed to the Treasury Department, to be used as a basis for assessing the tax. These were open to inspection, but in 1910 Congress enacted legislation providing that the returns should be open to inspection only upon rules and regulations approved by the President.

The first action in the courts to test the constitutionality of the law was begun in the United Circuit Court for the District of Vermont. A woman began it. Stella P. Flint, guardian of the property of Samuel N. Stone, Jr., a stockholder in the Stone Tracy Company, of Windsor, Va., began an action to have the company restrained from paying the tax. She claimed that the tax was unconstitutional. Her attorney, Maxwell Evarts, brought the case to the Supreme Court, after the Circuit Court had decline to hold the tax unconstitutional.

When the Stone Tracy case came up for argument before the Supreme court in March, 1910, 14 other cases likewise raising the validity of the law and decisions likewise sustaining the constitutionality of the tax, had reached the court. They were advanced and heard with the original case. Because presumably of vacancies on the bench, the cases were restored to the docket for re-argument. This re-argument occurred in January, 1911.

The constitutionality of the tax was attacked from all the points from which any tax possible of enactment by Congress could be attacked. Prominent among the objections to the law was the argument that the tax was a direct tax, not apportioned according to the constitution. Some dubbed the tax "a corporation income tax" and invalid for the same reasons that the income tax was declared unconstitutional in 1895. Others claimed that it was a tax on State franchises and hence was an unconstitutional interference with the sovereignty of the States. Another line of objection was based on the argument that as an excise tax, it was not uniform, but contained unconstitutional classifications. The publicity features of the returns were attacked as taking private property without compensation. To all of these objections, the Department of Justice, through the late Solicitor General Lloyd W. Bowers, at the first hearing, and through his successor, Frederick W. Lehmann, at the second hearing, made answer.

After the argument of the 15 cases, the court took up three other cases involving the tax. In these the principal controversy was over the interpretation of the law. The leading point was whether the tax was to be imposed on "Boston trusts", organized to hold real estate, but not incorporated. The Boston concerns contended that the tax should be assessed only on concerns organized under the statutes of the United States, States or Territories. The government argued that business concerns organized under the common law were included within those meant to be taxed.

The "Real Estate Trust."

Boston, Mass, March 13.—The "Real Estate Trust, of Boston," exempted from the corporation tax by the decision of the Supreme Court today consists of 44 "voluntary" associations mainly interested in real estate in the business sections of the city. The total capital stock of these associations is $56,504,000. The stocks are bought and sold at auction rooms and the associations pay a local tax.

One of the wealthiest associations is known as the Fifty Associates, whose property includes several office buildings, store and hotels. One of its former shareholders was Justice Holmes, of the Supreme Court, but he transferred his holdings before the case first came up for argument in Washington.

Tax $27,000,000 Last Year.

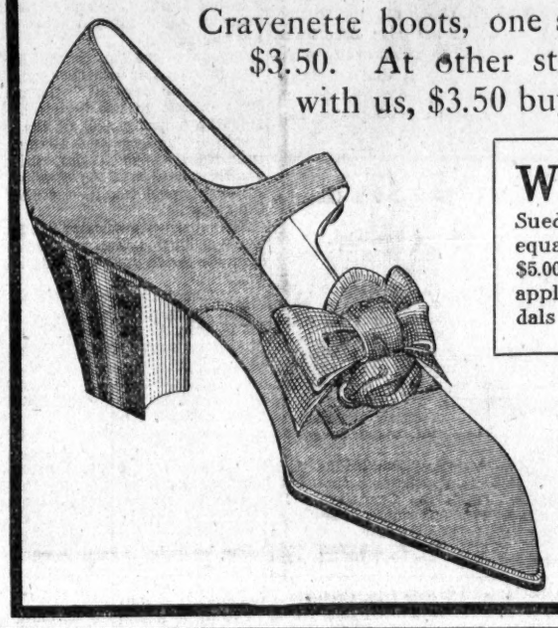
Washington, March, 13.—Practically all of the $27,000,000 assessed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, on corporations in the United States has been paid into the treasury. The exact amount received to February 1, 1911, the latest date for which precise figures are available, was $25,108,189. The amount assessed last year was $27,130,904. Added to this were penaltis amounting to about $100,000 for failure to pay the tax when due.

What the tax will amount to this year, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who has charge of the collection, is not yet able to determine even approximately. Taxes not paid by July 1st will have added a penalty of 5 per cent. and interest at the rate of one per cent. a month for each month they remain unpaid.

St. Petersburg, March 13.—Russia has sent an ultimatum to China, insisting upon a closer adherence to the provisions of the treaty of 1881, which has been the subject of negotiations between the two countries for some weeks past. Th Russian occupation corps is within a hundred miles of the frontier marching on Kulja.

The Very Latest Fad in Women's Footwear

NOTHING has been shown in late years which has proven so popular as the Black Cravenette one strap sailor tie. This imported Cravenette wears better than leather, makes the shoe fit like a glove and is more comfortable than the softest of leathers. We are showing a great variety of the very best Cravenette boots, one strap sailor ties and other styles at $3.50. At other stores this is the $5.00 kind, but with us, $3.50 buys the best.



WE guarantee that the College Woman's Walking Shoe which we sell for $3.50 in Cravenette, Suede, Patent Leather, Gun Metal and Kid is the equal in style, snap, wear and workmanship of any $5.00 woman's shoe sold by our competitors. This applies to the boot as well as oxfords, pumps, sandals and ties, a full line of which we carry in stock.

Don't fail to see our line of one strap sailor ties in patent leather, gun metal, dull kid, and other leathers at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

We sell for less because we sell for cash

Wilmington Shoe Company
217 North Front Street.

ART PENINSULAR HEATING STOVES

Are Artistic in design, substantially built and economical in consumption of fuel. A complete line to select from.

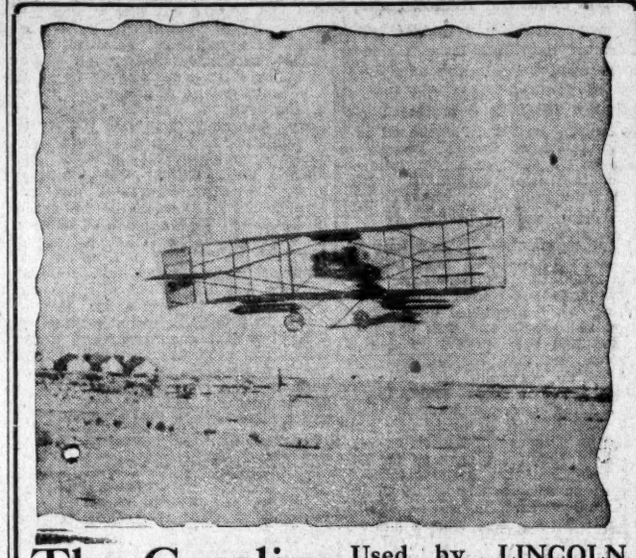
39

Styles and sizes of ethe makes ranging in price from

$1.25 to $40.00

Be sure to see our line of samples before you buy.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
Hardware.



The Gasoline Used by LINCOLN BEACHY during the Wilmington Aeroplane Meet was furnished by the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
EXCLUSIVELY.

mh11-tf

To Reduce Stock

of certain lines in which we have a larger quantity than we care to carry this season, we will sell at a sacrifice for cash, for the next few days.

High grade Iron Beds, Brass Beds, solid Mahogany Dressers, Washstands, Chiffoniers, B. E. Maple Dressers and Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Buffets, Trunks (more than 100 to select from), pictures, Rugs (all sizes Brussell, elvet and Axminster), genuine Mahogany Rockers, Reed Rockers nad Chairs, Imported China Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets. The largest and prettiest collection of Quartered Oak Dressers and Chiffoniers ever seen in Wilmington.

A few Coal Heating Stoves at Cost.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.
Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.

STORE FOR RENT

The store now occupied by The Leftwich Grocery Company, No. 204 and No. 206 North Water Street. Can give possession first of April. Apply

D. L. GORE
At D. L. GORE COMPANY
120 N. Water St.

mh11-tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

COLORED CHILD DISAPPEARS.

Police Asked to Aid in Search for Four-Year-Old Girl.

The aid of the police department has been asked to aid in the search for the four-year-old daughter of Annie Brown, colored, who disappeared from her home on Eighth, between Nixon and Taylor streets, Sunday about noon. No trace of the missing child had been secured up to midnight last night. The disappearance of the child was reported to Assistant Chief of Police Woolard Sunday night and during the night and through yesterday officers joined in the search. The woman stated that the child was playing in the front yard and was left alone for a few minutes. When the woman returned the child was missing. The child has brownish hair and wore a ginghams apron and button shoes.

Cincinnati, O., March 13.—With the exception of the holding up of three trains at King's Mountain, Ky., early today by sympathizers of the striking firemen of the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railroad, no violence was reported today. No freight trains were moved today between Somerset and Chattanooga, and few trains were run between Somerset and Cincinnati.

SKIN DISEASES
HUMORS IN THE BLOOD

Nature has made ample provision in the moisture and sunshine of the air for the outward protection and healthy condition of the skin. But the more important work of nourishing the cuticle has been left to an inward source—the blood. It is from the circulation that the pores and glands receive their stimulus, and the fibrous tissues are all preserved in a healthful state because of constant nutriment supplied by the blood. It is only when the circulation becomes infected with humors or acids that we are troubled with skin affections. The humors producing these troubles are carried through the circulation direct to the skin, and their irritating or inflammatory effect remains until the blood is cleansed. S. S. S. cures Skin Diseases, because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It goes into the circulation and REMOVES the acids and humors which are causing the trouble, builds up the weak, acrid blood, and completely cures Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, pimples, rashes, and all eruptions of the skin. When S. S. S. has driven out the humors every symptom passes away, the skin is again nourished with cooling, healthful blood, natural evaporation is renewed, and the skin becomes soft and smooth. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Aldermen held on Friday, March 10, 1911, the following officers were appointed to serve at the election to be held in the City of Wilmington on March 15, 1911, under and by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington:"

First Ward—C. C. Rice, Registrar; E. S. Hancock and L. Larkins, Poll Holders.

Second Ward—W. A. McGirt, Registrar; W. H. Sprunt and W. J. Meredith, Poll Holders.

Third Ward—A. G. Hankins, Registrar; J. O. Powell and Benj. Morrill, Poll Holders.

Fourth Ward—T. G. Pickett, Registrar; J. H. Stone and D. L. Gore, Poll Hoders.

Fifth Ward—T. G. Landen, Registrar; E. D. Craig and C. C. Loughlin, Poll Holders.

And the following polling places designated:

First Ward—Market House Fourth and Campbell streets.

Second Ward—Geo. Harriss' office, Princess street.

Third Ward—Giblem Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.

Fourth Ward—Schloss' Stable, Dock street, between Water and Front streets.

Fifth Ward—Engine House, Sixth and Castle streets.

It was at the said meeting ordered that the Registration books oe open at the above named places on Saturday, March 11th, 1911, and remain open each day, including the day of election from 8 o'clock A. M. till 6 o'clock P. M. The said registration books to be closed with the closing of the polls on Wednesday, March 15th, 1911. WALTER G. MacRAE,
ma 10-5t Mayor.

JOYLAND
MOTION PICTURES
Educating, Amusing, Instructive.
Open Daily, 2:30 to 11 P. M.

Very Low Colonist Rates.

Via Norfolk & Western Railway, to Mexico, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and other States and Provinces, March 10 to April 10, 1911. For particulars communicate with C. H. Bosley, District Passenger Agent, 838 E. Main St., Richmond, Va.
mh 10-12-14-16-19-21-23-26-8t.

GO TO **Crystal Palace**
High Class Vaudeville
Afternoon, 3:30 and 4:30
Night, 8:15 and 9:15

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Brown, deceased, late of the City of Wilmington, N. C., I hereby notify all persons having claims against the said decedent to present the same to me for payment on or before the 21st day of February, A. D. 1912.
Dated February 21st, 1911.
A. D. BROWN,
fe21-6w,tu Administrator.

Dr. J. J. McKanna, discoverer of the only permanent cure for the liquor habit. No dangerous hypodermic injections or nerve wrecking drugs used. Twenty-five years' of experience and we have the best known methods. Investigate now.

DR. J. J. McKANNA.
Reidsville, N. C.
mh14-tf

Keep Your Profits
Save those sneezing, swollen-headed fowls by placing in the drinking water
Conkey's ROUP CURE
It kills the germ. Prices 50c and $1
CONKEY'S BOOK ON POULTRY free if you call or send 4c postage. For sale by
R. W. MONTGOMERY & CO.
'Phone 461,
Wilmington, North Carolina.
fe26-tf

SMOKE
Cuban Blossom
CIGARS!
WHY ?
Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.
H. L. Vollers
Wholesale Grocer.

AFTERMATH OF HAYES TRIAL

Affairs at Whiteville Settling Down. Senator Brown Talks—Getting in Crops—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., March 13.—The entire county now breathes easier that the Hayes trial has ended, for no case ever tried here created greater excitement or more bitterness. The night after the acquittal, Mr. and Mrs. Neill Hayes left for the home of the woman's father in Horry county, S. C. Hayes stated to a gentleman, just before leaving Whiteville, that he has not as yet made up his mind what he would do or where to locate. He owns a house and lot at Tabor, but it is not thought they will return there. Lloyd Hayes, after he had been turned loose, stated to a merchant of the town that the trouble had learned him a lesson and he intended henceforth to lead an entirely different life to what he had been doing.

Senator Brown was in Whiteville a few days ago, and in speaking of the defeat of the State primary bill, said he voted for it, as his people wanted the law, but the bill was killed by members from the Western counties, and which are so equally divided between the two parties. Mr. Brown said they contended that did the State adopt this direct primary way of selecting officers that several mountain and other doubtful counties, that have gone Democratic by very small majorities, would be captured by the Republicans. Senator Brown says they have greatly strengthened the drainage law, and other important bills were enacted. He says there was a flood of local bills introduced, and they kept the members employed, to the neglect of more important matters.

Hon. James M. Shipman, our Representative in the House, says he did his best to secure such legislation as his people asked, but it was impossible to accomplish anything. About the only local law he got through, besides the saving of Lake Waccamaw to the people, was a bill to forbid fishing in the Marsh creek and its tributaries, with traps and seines, except during the months of November, December and January. The act paying a bounty for hawk and owl heads was also repealed. Mr. Shipman says the recent session was something of a do-nothing Legislature.

The Star's correspondent last evening took a drive a short distance out in the country, and never saw a brighter outlook for crops. Farmers are well up with their work. Small grain never looked more promising and a great deal has been planted. Strawberries are just fine and now blooming. Most growers have put on straw. But the advent of the weevil is now daily expected. Our farmers are buying improved stock, especially hogs, and also devoting considerable attention to improved breeds of poultry. A great deal of fresh land has been opened and a number of new citizens moved in from other States and counties. Land is fast advancing in price, and Mr. J. W. Hasty, section master on the A. C. L. railway, who lives at Pine Log, recently paid $75 per acre for a tract of 20 acres. Columbus county is fast forging to the front from an agricultural standpoint.

DURHAM DOINGS.

Primary Set for April 14th—New Railroad—Other City Items.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Durham, N. C., March 20.—The Durham Democratic Executive Committee has set April 14th as the date on which the primary will be held which will nominate the men for the city offices. All candidates who intend to run for the offices must hand in their names before April 10th. Candidates for all the city offices will be nominated at this primary.

The promoters of the proposed Durham and Danville railroad are pushing the project as if they mean business. Application has been made to the Corporation Commission of Virginia, for a charter for the road, and the papers properly filled out have been forwarded to Richmond by the attorney of the road in Virginia. The late legislature recently granted a charter for the operation of the road in this State, and it is thought that there will be no trouble in securing a charter in Virginia.

Mr. S. C. Chambers, captain of the local military company of the North Carolina National Guard to Adjutant General R. L. Leinster, has volunteered his services on the Mexican border if the government has need of him. It is undrstood that Col. Leinster has received notices from the War Department at Washington, that some of the North Carolina officers who have volunteered might be sent to the front.

There is no doubt but that the bonds which will float Durham's indebtedness will go without difficulty. An effort is being made to purchase them as cheaply as possible, and already more than one hundred firms have applied for some of them. The city has advertised in some of the leading papers in the North and South, and the offers to take them are coming from the best syndicates in the country.

An effort is being made by the music lovers of the city to bring to Durham Mr. Walter Damrosch and the New York Symphony orchestra. The noted musician will be on his way from Norfolk to Jacksonville, and he has expressed a desire to make a stop somewhere between the two places if he can get a house and a good offer. Wilmington has been mentioned, but it is learned that Mr. Damrosch rather prefers Durham on account of the fine Academy here.

Has Millions of Friends.

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklen's Arnica Salve does? Its astounding cures in the past forty years made them. It's the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swellings, bruises, cold sores. Has no equal for piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

DEATHS IN ROBESON.

Three Pass Away—Forest Fires—Improvements in the Advance.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., March 13.—From 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning until 5:30 yesterday evening, three homes in this section were visited by the grim messenger, death, leaving sadness and gloom over the departure of loved ones.

Mrs. A. S. Wishart, residing about three miles from town on the Fairmont road, passed away at 2:30 yesterday morning. Mrs. Wishart had been an invalid for several years, and her death was no surprise, though a great shock to loved ones. She was in the 70th year of her age, having been born November 17th, 1841. She was twice married, her first husband having been a Mr. Watson, from South Carolina. She is survived by her husband and ten children, three of the children being by the first marriage. Mrs. Wishart was for many years a member of the First Baptist Church of Lumberton. The funeral was conducted from the residence yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. C. H. Durham, and the remains were laid to rest in the family burying ground near the home, in the presence of a large gathering of grief-stricken relatives and sorrowing friends.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Joshua K. Singletary, residing near Back Swamp, was called to his reward after an illness of three months, during which time his sufferings are said to have been very great. Mr. Singletary would have been 67 years old next June. He was a native of Bladen county, but moved to Robeson several years ago where he has since resided, and was regarded as one of the county's most prominent citizens and progressive farmers. He is survived by his wife, four sons, and four daughters. Mr. Singletary was a veteran of the Civil War. The funeral was conducted at Back Swamp Baptist Church this morning at 10 o'clock by Pastor Bridgers, assisted by Rev. C. H. Durham.

Yesterday afternoon at 5:30, Mr. D. A. Prevatt, about 45 years of age, passed away at the home of his father, Mr. Thos. Prevatt, corner Eighth and Pine streets. Mr. Prevatt was one of the first rural mail carriers from Lumberton when the service was first instituted. A few years ago he suffered a violent attack of typhoid fever which left him incapacitated for any kind of work. He recently suffered an attack of lagrippe which was followed by pneumonia, resulting in death at the hour mentioned. Mr. Prevatt was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends. He is survived by his father, one brother and three sisters, one of the sisters being Mrs. Taylor, of Virginia, who with other members of the family was present when the end came. The funeral will be conducted tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock at Clyburnville Baptist church, three miles from town, conducted by Rev. I. P. Hedgepeth, who was selected by the deceased to perform the last sad duty. Mr. Prevatt will be buried with Masonic honors.

Charles Davis, whose arrest was reported in yesterday's Star, was released from jail late yesterday afternoon, his brother having come to his rescue and put up a $50 cash bond for his appearance at the July term of Superior Court.

Some fiend without the first rudiments of conscience or principle, set the woods on fire in North Lumberton again yesterday. The wind was blowing strong from the South, and the flames swept through the woods and across Meadow Brook cemetery, where there was considerable dead grass and small growth. It is hard to believe that such a wretch could be found among our people. He is imported—not native.

Richard Thompson, colored, was brought in from Fairmont late yesterday evening and placed in jail, charged with shooting a colored employe of the Beaufort County Lumber Company, Saturday night. Thompson made for South Carolina, but was arrested by Deputy Neal Ratley just before reaching the State line. Your correspondent could not learn the name of the man who was shot, neither could he learn the cause of the trouble. The wounded man is not expected to recover.

With its issue Wednesday, the Robeson Advance will be enlarged to a 48-column paper instead of 40-columns its original size. The paper is rapidly growing in favor in this section, having added over 100 new subscribers to its list last week with very little effort. Editor Norment is himself a cartoonist, and has equipped his office with an outfit for that work. He expects to present a cartoon each week of local interest. With the aid of his friends, Mr. Norment will soon have a newspaper second to none in this section.

Portland, Me., March 13.—Democratic success in Maine was continued at the city elections held today, candidates of that party winning the mayorality contests in four of the five cities which voted, Bangor, Augusta, Belfast and Biddeford, Republicans won in Brewer.

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Wilmington Citizen.

Is your back lame and painful?
Does it ache especially after exertion?
Is there a soreness in the kidney region?
These symptoms indicate weak kidneys;
There is danger in delay.
Weak kidneys fast get weaker.
Give your trouble prompt attention.
Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly.
They strengthen weak kidneys.
Read this Wilmington testimony.

Miss Mattie Hodges, 609 S. Fifth St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills just as strongly today as I did ten years ago, when I publicly told of my experience with them. Doan's Kidney Pills were procured from Bellamy's Drug Store and they gave me more relief from kidney trouble than any other medicine I had ever taken. I have since been well and my kidneys and back have not troubled me."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

WAR CLOUDS IN EAST.

China and Russia Unable to Agree on Important Treaty.

St. Petersburg, March 13.—Only the immediate execution of China's treaty obligations towards Russia can interrupt the advance of the army. Two brigades of sharp shooters, four sotnias of Cossacks, two batteries of field guns and eight batteries of machine guns were dispatched from Margelan, in Ferghana, Turkestan, shortly after the receipt of China's second reply, which will reach the frontier about the time of the presentation of the ultimatum. The Chinese troops at Kulja although nominally 10,000 in number actually number a bare couple of thousand. They are undisciplined and of diverse equipment and lack artillery.

The instructions which the foreign office telegraphed today to M. Korostovetz, the Russian minister at Kekin, contain the ultimatum embodying the re-opening of Russian consulates at points specified and the establishment of free trade in certain products including tea. These two points are the ones that China's second reply completely reversed.

Pensacola, Fla., March 13.—Mrs. M. C. Pittman, wife of Professor Pittman, principal of Bagdad school, died from strychnine poisoning here last night. Her husband was saved from the fate by the use of a stomach pump. Mystery surrounds the poisoning. The authorities are investigating.

NO MORE GREASY DOUGHNUTS.

A lady in Greenville, S. C., recently wrote a friend as follows:

"For years, after preparing doughnuts with the utmost care, I was disappointed to see them come out greasy and unwholesome looking. However, with my first use of Cottolene for frying them, I was delighted, as they were brown, crisp and delicious.

"For making doughnuts, pastry, light bread and flaky biscuits I prefer Cottolene to any other shortening on the market. We even carry a pail of it on our annual camping trips through the mountains."

Cottolene is made by The N. K. Fairbank Company, and is much more wholesome and economical than lard. It is sold by all good grocers.

Southern Railway

Direct Line to All Points.
NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST.
Very Low Round Trip Rates to All Principal Resorts.

Through Pullman to Atlanta, leaves Raleigh 4:05 P. M. Arrives Atlanta 6:25 A. M., making close connection for and arriving Montgomery following day after leaving Raleigh, 11:00 A. M., Mobile 4:12 P. M., New Orleans 8:30 P. M., Birmingham 12:15 noon, Memphis 8:05 P. M., Kansas City 11:20 A. M., second day, and connecting for all other points. This car also makes close connection at Salisbury for St. Louis and other Western points.

Through Pullman to Washington leaves Raleigh 6:50 P. M., arrives Washington 8:53 A. M., Baltimore 10:02 A. M., Philadelphia 12:23 noon, New York 2:31 P. M. This car makes close connection at Washington for Pittsburg, Chicago, and all points North and West, and at Greensboro for through Tourist sleeper for California points, and for all Florida points.

Through parlor car for Asheville leaves Goldsboro at 6:45 A. M., Raleigh 8:35 A. M., arrives Asheville 7:40 P. M., making close connection with the Carolina Special and arriving Cincinnati 10:00 A. M. following day after leaving Raleigh, with close connection for all points North and Northwest.

Pullman for Winston-Salem leaves Raleigh 2:30 A. M., arrives Greensboro 6:30 A. M., making close connection at Greensboro for all points North, South, East and West. This car is handled on train No. 111 leaving Goldsboro at 10:45 P. M.

If you desire any information, please write or call. We are here to furnish information as well as to sell tickets.

W. H. PARNELL, T. P. A.
215 Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, N. C.
H. F. CARY, G. P. A.
Washington, D. C.
ma 14-2t.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO
NORFOLK
via
WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN
and
Norfolk Southern
PULLMAN SERVICE.

Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. . . . . * 7:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L. . . . . 10:05 p. m.
Ar. Wilson, A. C. L. . . . . 11:00 p. m.

Lv. Wilmington, A.C.L. . . 5:50am. *3:25pm
Ar. New Bern, A.C.L. . . . 9:15am 6:50pm

Lv. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R. . . *7:15am*10:15pm
Lv. New Bern, N.S.R.R . . 9:30am 12:30am

Lv. Wilson, N.S.R.R. . . . *8:20am*11:30pm
Lv. Wash'gton, N.S.R.R . . 10:50am 2:20am
Ar. Norfolk, N.S.R.R . . . 3:35pm 8:00am

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv. Norfolk, N.S.R.R . . . . . 9:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R. . . . . 6:20 a. m.
Ar. Wilson, N.S.R.R. . . . . 5:05 a. m.

Ar. Wilmington . . . . . 9:45 a. m.

* Daily. ! Daily Except Sunday.
For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Tatem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.
W. W. CROXTON,
G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.

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NOTICE
To Our Patrons

Mr. Geo. O. Gaylord and his Head Milliner, Miss Alma Brown, have just returned from a two weeks "hunting trip" through the Northern Millinery Marts. Her knowledge of the styles, fads and fancies of the millinery world, backed by his ability as an expert cash buyer, has secured for the patrons of our store the greatest bargains in Spring Millinery that money and knowledge can produce.

We expect to eclipse all past Spring showings as to style, price and quality.

Look out for our Opening.

Gaylord's
Big Department Store
210, 212, 214 N. Front

DAVID'S

WATCH the clothes-game in this town; notice the fellows who look like winners; you'll find a lot of them wearing

OUR MADE TO ORDER CLOTHES AND

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes. You may not think it's easy to be a winner; but we'll show you how easy it is to look like one.

Suits $18 and more.
Spring Samples Now on Display.

The A. David Co.

This Store is the Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.
John B. Stetson Hats and Manhattan Shirts.

mh5-tf

OYSTERS

We are receiving daily shipments of the celebrated "Lynhaven Bay Oysters" and they provide a lunch for the epicure that touches the spot.

Our "Midday Lunch" is satisfying a large number daily. Why not you?

ATLANTIC CAFE
OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT. GIESCHEN BROS. Props.

Clinchfield Coal

LARGE LUMPS, FREE BURNING, NO CLINKERS, OAK and PINE WOOD. CUT TO SUIT.

BUILDING SUPPLIES
LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT SHINGLES, ETC. WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT YOUR ORDERS.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
Phone 789

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to Mar. 7, 1911, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

	42	48		*Daily.	49	41	
	*7 00pm	*8 40am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am	
	10 05pm	11 43am	Ar.	Goldsboro	Lv.	2 59pm	6 40am	
	11 00pm	12 43pm	Ar.	Wilson	Lv.	1 52pm	5 49am	
	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar.	Rocky Mount	Lv.	12 58pm	5 05am	
	2 15am	4 55pm	Ar.	Weldon	Lv.	11 30am	3 25am	
	4 00am	7 05pm	Ar.	Petersburg	Lv.	9 15am	1 30am	
	4 40am	8 00pm	Ar.	Richmond	Lv.	8 15am	1 00am	
	8 00am	11 50pm	Ar.	Washington	Lv.	4 20am	9 40pm	
	9 16am	1 15am	Ar.	Baltimore	Lv.	2 50am	8 20pm	
	11 25am	3 40am	Ar.	West Philadelphia	Lv.	12 19am	5 49pm	
	1 31pm	5 40am	Ar.	Manhattan Tr. (a)	Lv.	9 50pm	3 38pm	
	1 50pm	6 00am	Ar.	NEW YORK (7th Ave. & 32nd St.)	Lv.	*9 30pm	*3 38pm	

(a)—Connections made at Manhattan Transfer with trains to and from Jersey City and thence with Desbrosses or Cortlandt street ferries and with Hudson River Terminal tubes to and from lower New York City.
(b) Sleeper arriving New York 6.00 A. M., may be occupied until 7.30 A. M.

48 and 49—Pullman parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

	42	48		*Daily.	49	41	
	*7 00pm	*8 40am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am	
	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar.	Rocky Mount	Lv.	12 58pm	5 05am	
	3 30am	1 20pm	Lv.	Rocky Mount	Ar.	12 55pm	10 35pm	
	4 13am	2 05pm	Ar.	Tarboro	Lv.	12 18pm	9 58pm	
	8 00am	5 55pm	Ar.	NORFOLK	Lv.	*8 15am	*620pm	

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars Wilmington and Norfolk.
42 and 49—Pullman Parlor and Dining car, Wilmington and Norfolk.

	55	51		*Daily.	50	54	
	*3 15pm	*5 45am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	11 40pm	1 40pm	
	7 25pm	9 30am	Ar.	Florence	Lv.	8 00pm	9 30am	
	11 20pm	12 50pm	Ar.	Charleston	Lv.	4 37pm	5 25am	
	2 25am	3 25pm	Ar.	Savannah	Lv.	12 05pm	12 25am	
	11 55am	2 20am	Ar.	Albany	Lv.	1 25am	1 55pm	
	9 40am	1 45am	Ar.	Thomasville	Lv.	2 05am	2 05pm	
	5 50pm	8 50am	Ar.	Montgomery	Lv.	6 50pm	6 05am	
	7 15am	8 00pm	Ar.	JACKSONVILLE	Lv.	7 30am	7 55pm	
	2 05pm	2 15am	Ar.	Sanford, Fla.	Lv.	1 35am	2 55pm	
	7 00pm	7 00am	Ar.	TAMPA	Lv.	9 00pm	10 30am	
	9 10pm	8 20am	Ar.	ST. PETERSBURG	Lv.	8 05pm	6 30am	
	10 20pm	1 05pm	Ar.	FORT MYERS	Lv.	*3 00pm	*6 45am	

ALL TRAINS CARRY PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS—Sleeper arriving Wilmington on No. 50 at 11:40 P. M., may be occupied until 7:00 A. M., and sleeper leaving Wilmington on No. 51 at 5:45 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at 10:00 P. M., the previous night. Seat fares sold in Pullman cars to and from Wilmington.

55	51		*Daily.	32-50	54
*3:15pm	*5 45am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	11 40pm	1 40pm
7 25pm	9 30am	Ar.	Florence	Lv.	8 00pm	9 30am
9 25pm	11 25am	Ar.	Sumter	Lv.	5 55pm	7 35am
11 10pm	12 55pm	Ar.	COLUMBIA	Lv.	4 10pm	6 00am
9 25am		Ar.	AUGUSTA	Lv.	2 30pm	
11:50pm	1 10pm	Lv.	COLUMBIA, Sou. Ry.	Ar	2 30pm	4 40am
5 30am	7 40pm	Ar.	Saluda...Sou. Ry.	Lv.	8 45am	10 25pm
6 00am	8 15pm	Ar.	Hendersonville...Sou. Ry	Lv.	8 05am	9 50pm
7 00am	9 15pm	Ar.	ASHEVILLE Sou. Ry.	Lv.	7 00am	8 50pm
7 20pm		Ar.	Knoxville...Sou. Ry.	Lv.	*1 35am	8 30am
11 05am		Ar.	Louisville...Sou. Ry.	Lv.		7 40am
8 00am		Ar.	CINCINNATI Q. & C.	Lv.		*8 10pm

51—SLEEPING CAR Wilmington to Columbia.
55—SLEEPING CARS, Wilmington to Columbia.
54—SLEEPING CARS, Columbia to Wilmington. Sleeper from Columbia open to receive passengers at 10 P. M.
50—SLEEPING CAR Columbia to Wilmington.
Sleeping cars arriving Wilmington 11:40 P. M. and Columbia 11:10 P. M. may be occupied until 7.00 A. M.
Sleeping cars leaving Wilmington 5.45 A. M. and Columbia 6.00 A. M., will be open to receive passengers at 10.00 P. M.
Seat fares sold in all Pullman cars to and from Wilmington and Columbia.

57	51	55	*Dly.	Dly. Ex. Sun.	xSun. only	54	50	58
7 30pm	*5 45am	*3 15pm	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	1 40pm	11 50pm	8 30am
9 15pm	7 28am	5 05pm	Ar.	CHADBOURN	Lv.	*11 40am	9 58pm	6 25am
10 10pm	!11 50am	x5 15pm	Lv.	CHADBOURN	Ar.	7 10am	5 00pm	6 15am
11 45pm	1 30pm	6 45pm	Ar.	CONWAY	Lv.	x5 40am	!3 30pm	!4 30am

59	53	* Daily.	Daily ex. Sun	60	52
!6 30pm	*8 45am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	10 15am	8 05pm
9 45pm	11 45am	Ar.	Fayetteville	Lv.	7 10am	4 50pm
9 45pm	12 10pm	Lv.	Fayetteville	Ar.	6 25am	4 45pm
11 10pm	1 40pm	Ar.	SANF. RD.	Lv.	5 00am	*3 30pm

62	64	*Daily.	Daily Except Sunday.	63	65
*3 25pm	!5 50am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	12 50pm	6 50pm
5 22pm	7 42am	Ar.	Jacksonville, N. C.	Lv.	10 55am	4 55pm
6 44pm	9 05am	Ar.	Nor. & Sou. Junction	Lv.	9 35am	3 35pm
6 50pm	9 10am	Ar.	NEWBERN, N. C.	Lv.	*9 30am	!3 30pm

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Tuesday, Feb. 28rd, 1911.

TO THE BEACH

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Front and Princess:	Leave Lumina:
6:50 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
8:30	9:15
10:00	10:45
11:30	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:45
3:00	3:45
4:30	5:25
7:10	7:50
8:30	9:15

SUNDAYS.

8:30 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
9:30	10:15
10:00	10:45
11:30	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:45
2:00	2:45
and every half hour until	and every half hour until
5:30	5:45
6:10	6:25
7:10	6:50
8:30	7:50
	9:15

WRIGHTSVILLE.

Leave Wilmington, for Wrightsville:
Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.
Sundays—8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.
Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington:
Week Days—6:20, 7:30, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 3:35, 5:35, 6:00, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 1:30 P. M.
Sundays—9:25, 10:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:23, 1:55, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.

GOLF LINKS.

Leave Wilmington for Golf Links:
Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00.
Leave Golf Links for Wilmington:
Week Days—6:35, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:45, 11:15 A. M.; 12:45, 2:15, 2:45, 4:15, 5:15, 5:55, 6:55, 8:15, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45.

FREIGHT.

Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave 9th and Orange: 3 P. M.
Leave Beach: 5:15 P. M.
Freight depot open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 3 P. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail
Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

Lv. Norfolk	8:15 a m	8:30 p m
Lv. Petersburg	10:50 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:35 p m	2:30 a m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:30 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	7:05 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited
W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. M. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Drugg . . mail 50c and $1.00.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 179.

Trains leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 6th, 1910.

NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet, 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:
No 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.
No. 44—11:59 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.
No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.
No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 64, for Washington and New York; No. 62, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.
Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 65, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

E. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent,
'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER,
Commercial Agent,
Orton Hotel.
'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. B. RYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth Va.
ma18-tf

Clyde Steamship Company
to
NEW YORK
and
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Carib," Friday, March 10, 1911
Steamship "Navahoe" Fri., March 17, 1911
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Navahoe" Sat., March 11, 1911
Steamship "Carib" Saturday, March 18, 1911
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Carib" Monday, March 13, 1911
Steamship "Navahoe" Mon., March 20, 1911

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD,
Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. & G. M.

JOHN THAMES, M. D.
Practice Limited to
WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
Office and residence, 201 Church street.
HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 3 to 4 P. M., 7 to 8 P. M.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Tuesday, March 14, 1911.

The anti-locker club law is now in force, but they didn't do a thing to the cabinet club.

A Philadelphian sold his wife for a dollar, and it's pretty safe to bet a dollar that he isn't worth a cent.

The Durham Herald wants party lines drawn in the city election. The Herald must want to have some fun watching straddlers attempt to hew to the line.

It is pretty safe to bet Uncle Sam's military maneuvers on the Mexican frontier have scared the insurgents more than they have the Mexican government.

When the extra session of Congress convenes April 4th, the Democrats should be careful not to let the Republican insurrectos out-Herod the Democrats.

The New York Tribune says "there is a revival in marbles." There would be millions of happy men in the world if they could get in the marble playing class once again.

Missouri corncob pipe factories last year turned out 26,000,000 pipes which sold at wholesale for $500,000. The difference between a mollycoddle and a galoot is a fellow who would smoke a corncob pipe.

It is claimed for another city that it is "splendidly located on the Atlantic coast." The Atlantic coast is splendidly located at Wilmington. The seacoast saw a good thing when it got next to Wilmington.

Some officers and members of the North Carolina National Guard act like they don't care if war is hades. If we had peace all the time it would minimize some men's chances for making a reputation.

Mexican government officials talk like they are afraid they will hurt someone if vigorous attempts were made to suppress the insurrection. It appears that it would be unpopular to get too rough with the insurgents.

Ninety mountain climbers lost their lives last year in climbing the Alps. Mountain climbing is taking big chances on doing something for nothing, while most of us can hardly get over our difficulties with the hardest kind of work.

Judging from its size, its quality and its numerous attractive features, the Greensboro News must think Greensboro really has a population of 42,000. That appreciated contemporary certainly caters in a metropolitan fashion to its patrons.

A girl who exhibited love letters in court got a verdict for $10,000 damages for breach of promise. In one of the letters the fellow called her "honey bunchums," and certainly that was enough to make any jury decide that a fool and his money must part.

It is said Secretary Ballinger is to sue Gifford Pinchot for $500,000 damages for injuring his reputation. This whole row teaches that a man shouldn't have the kind of reputation that is subject to such injury that a verdict in his favor would make him a "malefactor of great wealth."

The Chicago Record-Herald says Lady Tennessee Claflin Cook has become the champion of Chicago lovers and would introduce a custom by which courting couples could use the churches and halls throughout the city. She needn't bother herself, for lovers can worry along in the old way. However, she could entertain them by furnishing a large supply of automobiles without cost.

Commission Government
A Duty of Citizenship

It is incomprehensible how any citizen, with the least sense of his responsibility to himself and to his city, can remain indifferent to the election to be held here tomorrow upon the question of the adoption of the commission plan of government for Wilmington.

Conditions at the present, with all public improvements practically at a standstill, with responsibilities of government so divided as to amount practically to no government at all, and with the call of all progressive cities everywhere for the application of business instead of politics to the management of municipalities, make the call most insistent to every good citizen to devote just ten minutes of his time tomorrow to an expression of his desire for a change.

The only danger that friends of a commission government fear is apathy of the voters. Thus far, if there be opposition to the bill, it has not dared to manifest itself in the face of local conditions, but as "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," no good citizen can afford to take a chance on the uncertainties of popular election. It is highly important that every voter go to the polls and not only cast his ballot for the measure but work for it. We believe that election marks a crisis in the history of Wilmington. It imposes a sacred duty upon every man worthy the name of man. It will be too late after 6 o'clock tomorrow evening to bewail local conditions and to "curse the fates." Every man who fails to vote will, and ought to, be forever disbarred from complaining about the administration of local government. It is now squarely up to the voter. What will he do with it?

No new registration is required but many people are under the impression that they are registered when as a matter of fact they are registered for primary elections but not for general and special elections. However, the books will be open until the closing of the polls tomorrow and there should be no trouble about registration for any citizen who cares to take the pains to go to the polls and vote tomorrow.

The secret of the success of the commission plan of government lies in the fact that the governmental power is taken out of obscurity and placed upon a pinnacle of ligth where all the citizens can watch it. There is absolutely no reason why the affairs of this city should not be as safely and as economically managed as the railroad companies, the banks and the industrial corporations. Were the affairs of the railroad companies, the banks and the majority of industrial corporations managed in the same manner as are the affairs of the City of Wilmington, they would be placed in the hands of a receiver in ten days. The commission government is essentially a government of the people and the people may be trusted to manage their own affairs.

Many progressive cities are now taking the step, the opportunity for which will be presented to Wilmington tomorrow. The highest authorities on government are strongly for the plan. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, safe, sane and destined to be a large figure in the National horizon of the future; Winston Churchill, of Massachusetts; Horace E. Deming, of New York; William Allen White, and last but not least, the distinguished ex-President Roosevelt, are all strong adherents of the plan.

Birmingham, Ala., is about to try the commission form; Richmond is on the way to its adoption; Memphis has tried it with signal success, and in our own State, the progressive North Carolina cities of Greensboro, Asheville, Winston-Salem and Raleigh are now about to adopt the plan. Wilmington cannot afford not to keep the pace.

Here are a few concrete examples of what the Commission Form has done for other cities. It will do as much for Wilmington:

Gloucester—Commission plan in effect 1909. The first year's report showed all bills paid and a reduction in the city debt of $18,000. It is claimed that the roads and streets have been better kept at $6,000 less annual expense. The city bookkeeping has been reformed, and the commissioners point to a reduction in the expense of caring for public property. It is still too early to demonstrate much in the way of tangible results.

Haverhill—Commission plan in effect in 1909. The first year's report under the new plan showed a saving of $97,900 in running expenses. When the commission took hold the financial status of the city was very bad. It had reached both its debt limit and tax rate limit and was steadily falling behind in its payments. Appeals were being made to the legislature for an extension of the tax rate limit, but this extension has now become unnecessary. In addition the city has voted no license, the revenue from the saloons being no longer needed. The commission has been fighting a big battle against the gas and electric light monopolies to obtain lower rates for the city and for private consumers, and has obtained from the people permission to resort to municipal ownership if necessary. There was fierce political opposition to the commission at the expiration of its first term, but it was re-elected. Party lines in Haverhill, which was formerly a Republican city, have been completely broken. The commission consists of two Democrats, two Republicans and a Socialist.

Cedar Rapids, Ia.—Commission plan in effect in 1908. The commission has reduced the tax rate and the debt, while making certain big improvements, such as the acquirement of a big island in the river, out of current expenses instead of bond issues. The island is for municipal buildings in a handsome park setting, in accordance with a "city beautiful" plan devised by an expert. The police and fire department forces have been enlarged despite the reduced tax rate.

Des Moines, Ia.—Commission plan in effect in 1907. In its first year the commission saved $184,000 in running expenses, as compared with the previous year under the old government. It made better bargains for the city in electric light charges, obtained interest on city deposits for the first time, cleaned streets and alleys better, (the aleys had formerly not been cleaned at all) and wiped out the "red light district," the effect of which has since been shown in reduced crime. A system of periodical fines which were practically licenses levied in this district formerly brought in a huge yearly revenue and the financial results above noted were obtainable despite the ceasing of this illegal income.

Leavenworth, Kan. — Commission plan in effect in 1908. The commission has reduced the bonded indebtedness by $112,950, while the tax rate has remained stationary. Kansas is a prohibition State, but Leavenworth had always defied the law and allowed the saloons to exist, subject to periodical fines which brought in $80,000 a year. The commission closed the saloons and disposed of this illegal revenue without disturbing the tax rate. Over $200,000 was spent in special improvements the first year as against an average of $25,000 in previous year. In the first two years under the new system six miles of street were paved as against twelve miles in the preceding twenty-five years.

Dallas, Texas.—Commission plan in effect 1907. In its first two years the commission wiped out a deficiency of $200,000 and established a credit balance. At the expiration of the first term of the commission, a petition signed by 3,700 voters was circulated amid much enthusiasm asking the commissioners all to run for re-election. The chamber of commerce advertises the commission government as a desirable feature of the city to attract new industries.

Houston, Texas—Commission plan in effect in 1905. The commission reduced the tax rate 10 per cent. and established a policy of so regulating expenditures as to further reduce the rate 10 per cent. each year, until the tax becomes one-half what it was under the old government. A floating debt of $400,000 was paid off and in 1909 the cash on hand was $900,000. The city has bought a waterworks and made enormous paving additions (which are not assessed on property in Houston); has acquired new parks and deepened the ship channel instead of languishing in the hope of a federal subsidy. The price of gas has been forced down from $1.50 to $1.15 per thousand. In advertising herself to attract new industries, Houston states "her city hall is a business house; she has no wards, no ward politicians and no graft."

Register now and vote tomorrow for the commission plan of government.

Some editors have acquired the habit of writing like Roosevelt talks.

Of course the commission plan will not fail at the polls tomorrow, but every man in favor of safe and economical government should have his part in its adoption.

A majority for commission government in Wilmington at the election tomorrow is assured, but it is greatly desired to make this majority overwhelming. Nothing could start the government off under more favorable auspices than a good, big endorsement by the people.

A town's best asset is a bunch of men who have money, enterprise and public spirit. A man who establishes an enterprise which enables many other people to make a living while he makes something on their labor, is a desirable citizen and public benefactor. The man who has a payroll to meet is not a theoretical but a practical booster.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Senator Simmons is being cussed rather extensively because he voted for Lorimer, but no one can fail to recognize that he foresaw this cussing at the time.—Charlotte Observer.

With Charlotte's mayoralty primary and the extra session of Congress both falling on April 4, that day will have its hands full, without reckoning whatever may break loose between now and then.—Charlotte Observer.

Defeat in a general election may cripple but does not necessarily kill a political ring. It may emerge from such a reverse practically as strong as ever and to do business at the same old stand the next time. The primary is the place and the time to smash a machine.—Baltimore Sun.

Lancashire, England, is only a little bigger than the State of Rhode Island, yet Lancashire supplies the world with 70 per cent. of its manufactured cotton. Not an ounce of the cotton is grown in Lancashire; all of it must be imported over seas. A recent official report asserts that the Lancashire mill workers are as well housed and as well nourished as are those in the United States.—Savannah News.

Of course, a city should be run like a business corporation—with the same regard for economy and efficiency. That's a self-evident proposition not to be successfully combatted. The fact is, however, that in the vast majority of cities there exists a wide chasm between what should be and what is, and to this rule Norfolk is far from being an exception.—Norfolk Virginian Pilot.

Referring to the suggestion that Norfolk may go to the Chowan river for a water supply, the Wilmington Star notes that "North Carolina water's fine for hot flues." The assumption is natural that the Star's editor speaks from experience, and equally natural is to assume that the liquid employed to heat the "flues" which North Carolina's water was so efficacious in cooling comes from Norfolk. Fair exchange is no robbery.—Norfolk Virginian Pilot.

No Chinaman practices law in Columbus county, though a mistake by the telegraph office conveyed that impression. The wire read: "He was followed by Hon. Homer L. Yon for the prosecution, who made one of the best speeches ever heard in the Columbus county court house." The correspondent at Whiteville really wrote "Hon. Homer L. Lyon," son of Judge Lyon, and an able attorney.—Raleigh News and Observer.

So completely and entirely have the luxurious limousine, the big touring car and even the little runabout taken the places of the finely bred and massive coach horse and the lithe, fine limbed driving horses in the stables of the rich men of the country, that some of the best known dealers in these classes of horses have been forced to the wall. The barns of people, those who a few years ago delighted in the appearance of their turnouts, have been converted into garages. Gasoline is now bought where formerly it was hay.—Chicago Examiner.

This is a big year for building in Raleigh: The $135,000 Municipal Building and Auditorium; the $250,000 State Building; the Good Shepherd Church; the Edenton Street Methodist Sunday School building; the new Ricks hotel and big improvements at the Yarborough; two new buildings at the A. & M. College; new building at Peace; new hospital at Shaw and a dozen other big business and residence buildings. And last, but by no means least, this is the year to begin the construction of a handsome Y. M. C. A. building.—Raleigh News and Observer.

I often call the boys of the public schools of New York my millionaires not because they have, or ever will have, millions of dollars of their own, but because they have millions upon millions of minutes to spend. A boy of ten, for example, has a prospect of living until he is seventy, which means that he has a forutne of over 30,000,000 of minutes. Of these millions he will have to spend nearly a third or 10,000,000, in sleep, and another third in earning his food, shelter, clothing, and other necessities of life. But he will still have a large fortune to spend as he pleases. The failure or success, or at any rate the largeness or narrowness of his life will depend largely on how he chooses to spend this surplus.—Book of Knowledge.

New Orleans, March 13.—At the opening of the cotton exchange this morning the suspension of the future brokerage firm of Keplinger & Brown was announced. No effect upon the market was noted at the opening.

PROGRESSIVE ROCKY POINT.

The news columns of the Star have already carried the story of the formation of a drainage district to embrace some 4,000 or 5,000 acres of fine lands between Rocky Point, in Pender county, and the Northeast river. The first step towards the formation of a district was taken Saturday when the necessary petition was filed with the Clerk of the Superior Court at Burgaw, and it is a fine testimonial of the progressive spirit of Rocky Point that this petition was unanimously signed. Rocky Point always figures in the news columns when it comes to early shipments of truck and fruits and the diversity of these products knows no bounds. This "garden spot" promises to be even more prominently to the fore in the years to come. The formation of the drainage district seems to be the only thing needful and the step taken Saturday will go a long ways toward providing an object lesson to other progressive communities in the Old North State.

For years the Star has been a strong advocate of drainage—not only drainage of our swamp lands, savannahs and bottoms, but of better drainage of farming lands already under cultivation. Many a farmer is at a loss to understand why he cannot get better results from some of his best lands, but he never stops to consider that it is because of the lack of proper drainage. Often lands which appear to be sufficiently drained are badly in need of it. Scientific drainage is bound to produce great results in this country, and the communities which will drain their valuable lands first are ging to get the best results and the first attention when homeseekers begin to invade this region. It is only a matter of time till there will be a great demand for our lands and those which are in proper condition will be the first to be considered.

The organization of these drainage movements means a great deal for this part of North Carolina, and we are very much inclined to believe it is the most progressive step that can be undertaken by our people. Let other districts be organized without delay so Eastern North Carolina will readily attract all who see our lands at their best.

1911 1911

First Spring Opening

French Pattern Hats

Millinery Novelties and Dress Silks

Thursday & Friday, March 16th & 17th

Special During Opening Days—

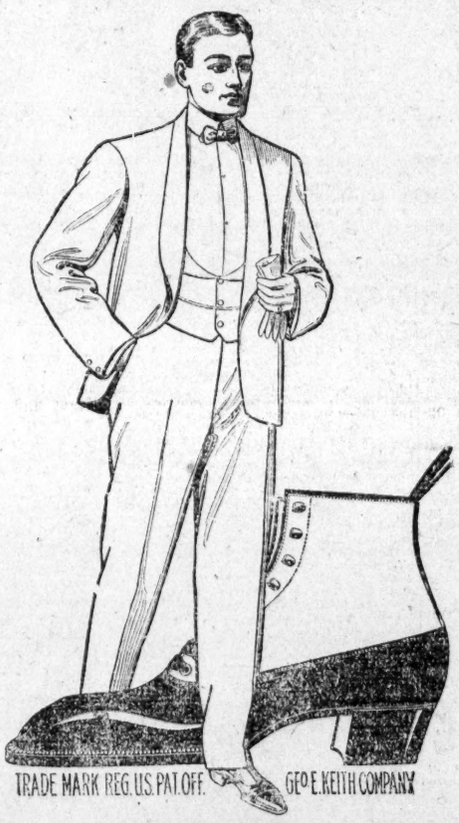
Fifty ready-to-wear Hats, newest styles, no two alike, value $7.00 to $10.00 .... $4.98

Souvenirs

J. H. Rehder & Co.

615 to 619 North Fourth Street.

Snappy Spring Styles



-in-

Walk-Over Oxfords

-at-

Peterson & Rulfs

202 North Front Street. Next to Murchison Bank.

LASHED BY HIS CONSCIENCE.

Deep Impression on Mind of Drunken Man Caused Suicide.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, N. C., March 13.—A sensational suicide was committed in this county this morning about three miles from the town of Bath, when Mr. J. E. Tetterton, a white farmer tenanting a farm belonging to Mr. J. W. Oden, of this city, killed himself by placing a double-barreled shot gun to his temple and pulling both triggers. The load of shot simply shattered his skull and scattered his brains in all directions, killing him instantly. The facts in the case as nearly as can be ascertained are that Mr. Tetterton had been drinking rather heavily for the past several days and yesterday afternoon was in Bath, where he attended a religious service for men only, in which the preacher scored drunkenness very scathingly as of man's worse vices. The address made a very deep impression on Mr. Tetterton and he returned home full of remorse, he had been accustomed to beating his wife when intoxicated and she knowing his condition had left him home and taken her children to the home of her brother-in-law for protection. About 1 o'clock Mr. Tetterton went to his brother's home and induced his children to return home with him but his wife refused to do so. He then tried to induce his brother to turn her out but this also was refused. He then shot himself and died instantly. Mr. Tetterton, was about 40 years of age and is survived by a widow and seven children.

Nursing Mothers and Malaria.
The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children. 50c.

The Greatest Offering in Years.
"Life of Moses," in three reels at the Grand today.

FISHER TAKES THE OATH.

Succeeds Ballinger as Secretary of the Interior—Details.

Washington, March 13.—The responsibilities of the secretaryship of the Department of the Interior were shifted shortly before 10 o'clock today, when Walter L. Fisher, of Chicago, took the oath of office as head of that Department, succeeding Judge Richard A. Ballinger, who retired.

The oath was administered in the private office of the Secretary by W. B. Acker, a division chief of the department, acting in the capacity of notary public. The formality was entirely without ceremony, and only the immediate principals to the change were present. Following the oath taking, felicitations were acting between the new and the retiring secretary. The new secretary spent the morning receiving bureau heads and division chiefs of the Department.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.
Free from opiates. Safest for Coughs.

JURORS MOVED TO TEARS.

Heard Pitiful Story of Mrs. Melber's Life—On Trial for Murder.

Albany, N. Y., March 13.—Mrs. Edith Melber, on trial for her life for the murder of her four-year-old boy, sat for an hour in court today scarcely moving a muscle while her attorney in his opening statement told the jury why he thought she should be sent to an insane asylum for the rest of her days rather than to the electric chair.

Several jurymen were moved to tears while the lawyer narrated the squalid story of her life since childhood, the ravages of consumption which were apparent in her and would carry her off as it did her mother and husband and described the helplessness and irresponsibility of the defendant when she forcer carbolic acid down the throat of her child, leaving the body in a dreary marsh. Several witnesses for the defense admitted on cross examination that Mrs. Melber always appeared rational to them.

Odds and Ends Shoe Sale.

From Feb. 18th to March 1st, all broken lots of Winter Shoes to be closed out at a great sacrifice. You will save by purchasing here.

SEE OUR WINDOW,

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 Market Street.

WILL TRY TO FORCE PURCHASE

Bill Railroaded Through Legislature Designed to Compel Wilmington to Buy the Existing Sewerage System.

It was learned for a certainty yesterday that the Legislature during the closing days of the recent session passed under the guise of a State-wide measure a bill designed to compel the City of Wilmington to purchase from the Wilmington Sewerage Company the existing swerage system before the installation of the municipal plant. A report was circulated on the streets last week to this effect and was published in The Star the next morning for what it was worth, no definite information being obtainable at that time as to whether such a bill had been enacted into law.

The publication of the rumor aroused the greatest interest but the people withheld their comment until accurate information could be had. Those who read the bill yesterday or learned for a certainty that such had been passed were justly indignant over the method adopted to force the city to purchase something that its representatives had said over and over again that they did not want, on the ground that it was not adequate to the needs of the city nor could it be used to advantage in the construction of the proposed new plant. Whether or not the Aldermen were right in their judgment of the value of the existing systm is for experts to say, but the fact remains that the city refused absolutely at least twice to consider the matter of purchasing the plant, and the Water and Sewerage Commission was instructed nearly two years ago to proceed with the installation of a new system, which, however, has not progressed further than the drawing of plans, which have not yet been approved by the State Board of Health.

The act of the recent Legislature, ratified on March 4th, the day when the session would have ended had the legislators been patrotic enough to remain a few days longer, in effect would force Wilmington to secure the existing sewerage system and the way to do this is provided; first to undertake by purchase, and then if a satisfactory agreement is not made then the city may institute condemnation proceedings in Superior Court. At the hearing, if proper cause be shown, the judge shall appoint three commissioners having expert knowledge of the plant, one to be nominated by the city, one by the sewerage company and these two to nominate the third, the commissioners to appraise the value of the plant and make report to the court, who shall hear any exceptions and render judgment as in other civil cases. Either side will have the right to appeal to the Supreme Court. In brief, these are the provisions of the bill, which is most likely never to become operative in Wilmington because it is said that there is a strong sentiment here to the effect that the installation of a municipal plant should be delayed two years longer rather to submit to the method adopted by those who would have the old system purchased. By holding off two years, or until the next session of the Legislature, it is thought that sufficient pressure could be brought to bear to have the act repealed. Should there be further delay in the installation of a new sewerage system, it is stated that the proposed extensive street improvements would be undertaken and prosecuted in the interim.

It is stated on good authority that the bill was drawn by a Wilmington lawyer interested in the local sewerage plant and that a delegation of Wilmington people appeared before the committee and urged favorable report; it is stated further that some of them were in Raleigh ostensibly on another matter, but in reality were there primarily for the purpose of engineering through the Legislature this measure relating to public utilities. It is further stated that this bill was carried through pretty much after the fashion of the passage of the bill which provided for the dismemberment of the A. & Y. railroad. The following is the full text of the bill and it will be read with decided interest in Wilmington:

An Act to amend Chapter 73 of the Revisal of 1905 of North Carolina, entitled Towns, Section 2913, so as to give towns, cities and municipalities power to operate and maintain water works, sewerage systems, and other public utilities.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That Chapter 73, entitled "Towns," Section 2916, entitled "Corporate Powers," be amended by adding thereto as sub-section 10, the following:

10. (a). That every town, city or municipality incorporated or hereafter incorporated by legislative charter shall have the power to build, construct, maintain and operate a system of water works and sewerage, one or both, or electric or gas lighting plants, in order to provide potable water, fire protection and sanitation for the health and convenience of its inhabitants; and, when established, the aldermen, commissioners or corporate body in whom is vested the governing power of such town, city, municipality, shall have power to make all needful rules, regulations and ordinances in their discretion to protect, conduct and maintain the same; to make and establish uniform rates to be charged all persons using and receiving the service thereof, such rates to be subject to the approval of the Corporation Commission; and, when the public health shall require, to require all closets and privies used by persons to be connected by pipes or mains with the main sewerage so laid, and to prescribe all reasonable conditions for the manner of such connection.

(b). The corporate authorities of any incorporated town, city or municipality are authorized and empowered, after a majority of the qualified voters of such town, city or municipality shall have approved and authorized the same, as herein provided, to issue bonds in the name of such town, city or municipality, in such denomination, form and amount as such corporate authorities may determine, payable at such time and place as said corporate authorities may prescribe;

Provided, That the time of payment shall not exceed 50 years, and provision be made for a sinking fund after three years, for the liquidation thereof; the rate of interest which said bonds shall bear shall not exceed 6 per cent. per annum, payable annually or semi-annually, and that said bonds shall not be sold, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of for less than their par value.

(c). The said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the town or city clerk or treasurer, and sealed with the corporate seal of such town or city, and shall have interest coupons attached thereto; said bonds and coupons attached thereto attached shall be exempt from town or city taxation of the town issuing the same, and the coupons shall be receivable in payment of the town or city taxes. That for the purpose of paying said bonds at maturity and the coupons as they become due, it shall be the duty of the corporate authorities of such town, city or municipality issuing the same, and they are hereby empowered to do so, to levy and collect each year a sufficient special tax upon all subjects of taxation which hereafter may be embraced in the subjects of taxation under the charter of such town or city, and the general law, in the manner and at the same time as other taxes are collected under said charter and the general law;

Provided, That the taxes so collected for the payment of said bonds and interest coupons, as aforesaid, shall be used for no other purpose.

(d). The corporate authorities shall neither issue said bonds nor levy nor collect tax until they shall have first submitted the proposition to the qualified voters of such town, city or municipality, and shall have been authorized so to do by a majority of the qualified voters thereof. The said corporate authorities of such town, city or municipality are hereby empowered to call a special election at such time or times as they may fix and to submit to the qualified voters the proposition for the issue of such bonds. The call for such election shall state in writing the purpose for which the bonds are to be issued, the terms and conditions thereof, the time for their payment and the rate of interest and time of payment of the coupons. The said election shall be held under the rules and regulations which are required as to the election in such town, city or municipality of the members of its governing board or executive officials. At such election those favoring the issue of said bonds shall vote "for bonds," and those opposing "against bonds."

(e) But, whenever in any incorporated town or city, which, under this or by special act has been or may be authorized, from the sale of bonds or otherwise, to build, operate and maintain a public sewerage system, water works or electric or gas lighting plant, there shall have been constructed in said town or city by any private or quasi-public corporation, either water works, sewerage system, electric or gas plant, then in active operation and serving the public, which construction or operation was authorized by said town or city, or by Act of the General Assembly, and in the case of any sewerage system, the same has been laid by plans approved, at the time of construction, either by the State board of or county board of health, or both, then, before constructing any proposed public system of waterworks, or sewerage, or electric or gas plant, heretofore or hereafter authorized by law, along or upon the streets occupied by such private or quasi-public system of water works, or sewerage, or electric or gas plant, heretofore or hereafter authorized by law, along or upon the streets occupied by such private or quasi-public corporation, the town or city within which such utilities are located and owned, proposing to build any public system of like character shall, before undertaking to do so, first acquire either by purchase or condemnation, the property of such system already laid, operated and maintained by such private or quasi-public corporation, which is of like character.

If said town or city cannot agree with the owners upon terms of purchase, then it may institute special proceedings to condemn the same to the public use, in the Superior Court of the county where the property to be condemned is (to be) located, making the owners and all parties having an interest therein parties defendant. The said town or city shall file its petition, setting forth the facts relied on, and within ten days after the service of a copy on them, the defendants shall file their answer, when the petition and answer shall be referred to the judge of the Superior Court, resident or presiding, who shall fix a day and place, at term or chambers, when he shall hear the matter, and, if proper cause is shown, he shall appoint three commissioners having expert knowledge of the construction, operation and financial value of such property sought to be condemned, one to be nominated by the petitioner and one by the defendant, whom he shall appoint, unless good cause be shown why the person or persons nominated should not be appointed, and the two commissioners so appointed shall nominate the third commissioner, who shall be appointed by the judge, unless good cause be shown to the contrary, and if, within 30 days after their appointment, the two commissioners do not agree as to the third, then the judge shall appoint the third commissioner of his own selection. Such commissioners may be residents or non-residents of the State, but shall not be interested or connected with the subject-matter or with either of the parties to the suit, directly or indirectly, and said commissioners, after being duly appointed and qualified, shall proceed to ascertain by evidence taken before them, if offered, and by personal inspection and examination of the property, the fair value of the same, such fair value to include the cost of reproducing the same as it exists at the date of condemnation, less natural wear and tear incident to its previous use, and make their report to the said court. Either party may file exceptions to said report, within 30 days after being filed in court, and such exceptions shall be heard and determined by the resident or presiding judge thereof, who shall enter judgment thereon, as in other civil cases, and if the property be adjudged to be condemned, he shall direct the payment of the purchase price and the execution of all necessary transfer deeds. He shall make in such case all orders and decrees essential to the protection of the rights of all parties concerned, and from his findings and judgment either party may appeal to the Supreme Court of the State.

Sec. 2. This Act shall be in force from the date of its ratification.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this, the 4th day of March, 1911.

(Signed) W. C. NEWLAND,
President of the Senate.
W. C. DOWD,
Speaker of the House.

THEY WANT BASEBALL.

"What's the Matter With Wilmington?" Inquires Rocky Mount.

Mr. J. L. Horne, Jr., of Rocky Mount, a well known sporting writer on the Eastern Carolina League Circuit, writes the Star to know what is the matter with Wilmington on the baseball proposition for the coming season and suggesting that Eastern Carolina will be quite dull during the long Summer months in the absence of the sport. Mr. Horne writes that all the towns on the circuit are anxious that Wilmington shall get the game started again and this is written with the hope that the baseball fans of the city will see the "error of their way" and get busy, ere it is too late. Mr. Horne's points are well taken and the Star will be very glad to assist in any way possible in bringing the baseball situation to a head and in supporting the team heartily upon its organization. Mr. Horne says that he believes that with Wilmington rests the salvation of the league and he is very anxious to receive encouraging news from here.

Team Returns From Charlotte.

Members of the Y. M. C. A. basketball team returned yesterday from Charlotte, where they played the Charlotte Y. M. C. A. team Saturday night, being defeated by a score of 46 to 16. The boys are confident that with the regular team or on the local gymnasium floor the winning of a game by the locals would be an easy matter. The Charlotte team gave the local team a good time and it is hoped by the Wilmington boys that another game may be arranged to be played either in Charlotte or Wilmington before the season closes.

HAVE YOU A BANK ACCOUNT?

Did you ever stop to think that the fact that you have a bank account adds strength and credit to your standing in the community in which you live?

Here you have a good bank that will take care of your funds in its Fire and Burglar-Proof vault without cost to you. Its services are yours.

Begin depositing today. A small start is all right.

The Southern National Bank

CROWDS WERE DISAPPOINTED

Throngs Shivered at the Seashore Sunday Waiting for Airship Flight That Didn't Materialize—Car Service.

A cracked cylinder in the engine of a Curtiss bi-plane, an execrable car schedule returning on the suburban line and a decidedly low temperature toward nightfall at Wrightsville Beach, making it decidedly chilly and uncomfortable, formed a combination of circumstances that sent something over 1,200 people, who had assembled at the seashore Sunday afternoon to witness an airship flight, back home in anything but an amiable frame of mind Sunday night.

It all came about over the announcement in the Sunday papers that on that afternoon Aviator Lincoln Beachy, the idol of the aviation meet here the past week, would make a flight from some point near Wilmington to the beach and would give a series of exhibitions over the ocean there. Car load after car load of people went down in the early afternoon, thronging the resort and waiting in vain for the airship that never came. Shortly after 5 o'clock when everybody apparently, except those in charge of the operation of the suburban line, knew that a flight was then impossible, the people boarded the nine cars in waiting at Lumina, but the cars for some strange and unaccountable reason were not permitted to move and responsible men, women and children in the fearful crush that resulted most solemnly aver that in spite of the advertised half-hour schedule, for nearly two solid hours they remained en route under the most uncomfortable conditions for no other reason that that their wishes and comforts as passengers were not looked after. There were charges of a "frame-up" and a "fake," but up at the aviation grounds three miles from town there was equally as an unfortunate condition. Aviator Beachy, who was willing and anxious to make the flight, after having gone to Wrightsville and viewed the beach during the morning, had his mechanicians to pull his machine out of the aerdrome, the motor had been given a test and he had just taken his seat behind the steering wheel for the flight to the seashore, when a fortunate glance backwards disclosed to the aviator that one of the eight cylinders of his engine had cracked and that smoke and oil were oozing through. Of course, it would have been suicidal then to attempt the flight and the other machine used during the meet having been packed for shipment, all that Beachy could do was to throw up his hands in disgust and order the machine taken back to the aerdrome. It is safe to say that no one in the large crowd who assembled at Wrightsville Beach and underwent the hardships of the very poor car service and the raw afternoon was more disappointed than he. But the fates were against the afternoon's flight and it had to be abandoned while several hundred sick and disappointed patrons were left to shiver in the cold at Wrightsville Beach until long after the fall of night. Those who were on the scene say that apparently no effort was made to inform the people at Lumina of the mishap to the machine and even if they had been informed, there were not sufficient cars to transport the crowds. Many were loud and most emphatic in their denunciation of the car service and were in no frame of mind to tolerate the excuse for no flight, however valid it may have been.

The flight was arranged for with Beachy, who was to receive 15 cents on the ticket sold to the beach for the ocasion, and Mr. Beachy on Sunday night expressed his great regret at the disappointment he had occasioned so many of his admirers here and made inquiry if there was not some way he could at least refund to the people his proportionate part of the fares that had been paid. Being told that this was impracticable, he expressed further regret and stated that he hoped the Wilmington people would see for themselves the cause of the disappointment, arranging for a display of the cracked cylinder at the Gerken Tobacco Co., yesterday afternoon, where it may be seen at any time. The receipts for tickets to Wrightsville Beach during the afternoon were something over $400. The Tidewater officials held yesterday that as Beachy did not make his flight he was not entitled to his proportion of each ticket and after several conferences he was allowed $100 for his attempt, which Mr. Beachy accepted.

The accident to the machine represents a personal loss to the young aviator who has the machine leased from the Curtiss Exhibition Co., under the condition that he is to meet all necessary repair bills and the $100 he received will about pay the cost of his repairs, parts for which were at once ordered by telegraph. What added to the expense is the fact that after attempting the flight and discovering the broken cylinder, Beachy was so disappointed that he turned to his mechanicians and told them to take the machine back to the hangar, paying no further attention to it. In guiding the aeroplane back into the building the propeller of the machine was left in an upright position and in pushing it under the shed-like structure, it was snapped off, entailing a still further loss.

Aviator Beachy left on the afternoon train yesterday for Florence, S. C., where he will give a flight on Thursday afternoon. He was accompanied by Mr. Frank Herbst, of this city, who will manage the meet for him there. Mr. McCurdy, who was here for the Wilmington meet, has returned to Florida where he has other engagements. Both made many friends here, who will wish them still greater laurels in their science of aerial navigation. Beachy is scheduled to open an aviation school at Pinehurst, N. C., later in the month but has as yet received no definite instructions from the exhibition company. He is a "youngster" in the profession, so to speak, but there are many who believe that he will be heard from yet in the aviation world. Modest, retiring and willing at all times to accede to the demands of the public in his hazardous occupation, he was easily the hero of the Wilmington event.

The meet here was in every way a success and much credit is due to the Wilmington Driving Association for making such an attraction possible. Dr. M. M. Caldwell, president of the Association, stated last night that the company had neither lost nor made any money on the transaction and it is glad to have provided the opportunity for the big advertisement which Wilmington gets out of the event. The grounds were being put in condition anyway, and the gentlemen behind the project have no regrets over the matter, he said. He stated further that the Driving Association is not an object of charity and will press surely and steadily forward to its ultimate purpose to provide this city with an up-to-date fair grounds, race course and athletic field out of its own funds. It is a matter of public regret that the promoters of the meet did not receive a more cordial endorsement of their efforts, but the Driving Association is "undaunted and unafraid," and will go forward to even greater accomplishments. The gentlemen behind it are "game" and say, "let's forget and forgive," and keep everlastingly at it.

GENERAL CLEAN-UP WEEKS

Campaign to Brighten Up the City During Next Two Weeks Begun Yesterday Morning—Suggestions for the Citizens.

Wilmington is now in the midst of a two weeks' clean-up campaign, begun yesterday morning with every indication that success will attend the efforts of those behind the movement. The citizens generally have manifested more than the usual interest and it is believed that there will be hearty co-operation in this effort to make Wilmington a cleaner city before the arrival of the Summer months. The citizens are asked only to clean-up their premises and place the trash at a convenient place on the curbstone, so it can be carried away by the city carts.

The campaign is under the supervision of Alderman Fred W. Bonitz, chairman of the streets and wharves department, who is never so happy as when he believes that he is giving his services towards a cleaner and more healthy Wilmington. Yesterday the special work was between Market and Red Cross streets and work in this territory will continue through today. Wednesday and Thursday will be devoted to that territory south of Market to Castle streets, and Friday and Saturday north of Campbell street, the remainder of the week to be given over to a general cleaning of the different sections.

Som one has said: "There are four great wastes today, the more lamentable because they are unnecessary. They are preventable death, preventable sickness, preventable conditions of low physical and mental efficiency, and preventable ignorance. The magnitude of these wastes is testified by experts competent to judge. They fall like the shades of night over the whole human race, blotting out its fairest years and happiness."

A great deal can be accomplished by the following suggestions:

"Give your cellars a thorough cleaning, whitewash the walls, and allow a sufficient supply of ventilation.

"Repair your fences and sheds; paint or whitewash them—too much lime cannot be used.

"Burn all your rubbish possible. Do not throw it in the street, aley or vacant lots.

"Keep down the weeds on your property, and while they are young have them destroyed; weeds make a breeding place for mosquitoes and other insects, as well as being unsightly. Rake up old tin cans, bottles, etc., and have them hauled away; an old tin can that contains a very small amount of water, offers a breeding place for mosquitoes; the female mosquito lays its eggs in water, and one can will be sufficient to breed a hundred mosquitoes. The mosquito is one of the carriers of malaria fever, and by exterminating the mosquito, you are modifying the number of cases of malaria fever.

"Also, as to flies which are known as one of the agents for carrying typhoid fever; by keeping your surroundings in a clean and sanitary condition flies are not attracted, hence you are avoiding one of the dangers of the dreaded typhoid.

"Pay close attention to the condition of the plumbing of your property, if it gets out of order call a plumber if you own the property; if not, notify the landlord or agent; if he does not give it his attention notify the health department.

"If you are keeping animals, a bin must be built, in which to store the manure; this bin should be built with a roof, allowing a space not less than six inches under the eaves of same. This will keep the manure dry and the odors will be lessened, and it will not be so unsightly as if it were thrown and scattered about. The manure must be hauled away whenever there is a load, or oftener if necessary.

"Ashes and garbage should be hauled away each week, or oftener when necessary. Your yard, instead of being littered with rubbish and old timber, should be cleaned, and trees, flowers and grass planted. Do not live without a lawn.

"Do not throw old programmes, fruit peelings, etc., into the streets; you can always find a agrbage can on the street corners between blocks, where these things can be deposited.

"Avoid hawking and spitting on sidewalks, in public halls or public conveyances, to be swept up by some lady's dress, and the germsof consumption and other diseases caused to be carried into the different homes.

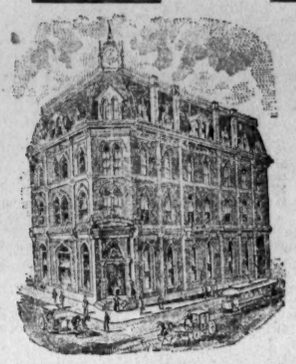
"Do not stop with the aid you give during 'clean-up'; the work should be carried on at all times."

Death of Infant Son.

Friends tenderly sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Justice in the death of their infant son, Hugh P., which occurred at the family residence, No. 609 Castle street, Sunday morning. The funeral was held from the residence at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Thos. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, and the interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

The Home of the Small and Large Depositor

$1 or more opens an account with this STRONG, OLD SAVINGS BANK



4% Compounded Quarterly PAID On All Accounts

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

That Big White Building Corner Front & Princess Sts.

CITY ELECTION TOMORROW

Citizens Will Say at the Polls Whether or Not They Desire Commsision Form of Government—Some Opposition.

Probably the most important municipal election ever held in Wilmington is that of tomorrow, when the citizens will be given the opportunity to say whether or not they desire the commission form of government, as provided in the bill enacted by the recent Legislature. A change of conditions in local municipal affairs is imperative, and there seems to be no doubt but that the bill will be ratified, yet it is well for every advocate of the measure to bestir himself, for there is an apparently well-founded rumor to the effect that influences are quietly at work to defeat the bill.

Over-confidence on the part of the advocates of the measure may aid materially the plans of any opposition and might result in a continuance of the present unsatisfactory city government. The plan of the opposition, as reported, is to work quietly, but effectively, and roll up a handsome vote against the measure, while the friends of the bill, not expecting any contest, will poll a light vote—giving a victory to those, whoever they may be, against a change of the method of governing the city. It is believed that the friends of the measure outnumber any opposition that could possibly be stirred up, but in the failure to see that they register and vote is where the danger lies.

The registration books are now open at all the polling places and will be open until the close of the polls on the day of the election, tomorrow, and it behooves every good citizen to see that his name appears on the books. A person who registered in the last city election is not required to register for this election unless he has removed to another ward, but he should ascertain from the registrar whether or not his name appears on the books. Those who did not register in the last city election, although they voted in the general election last Fall, must register in order to vote tomorrow. Quite a large number of citizens are registering and it is said that the opposition to the measure is quietly seeing to it that those likely to vote against a change in government are registered.

This talk of any decided opposition may be without foundation in fact, but it is well for the friends of the measure to be as active as the other side is said to be, only a little more so.

WAIVED EXAMINATION.

Bicycle Case Set for Hearing Before Recorder This Morning.

When the case against James Sellers, a young white man, arrested last week on the charge of stealing a number of bicycles, was called in Justice Harriss' court yesterday, the defendant, through his attorney, Hon. John D. Bellamy, waived preliminary investigation. The case was sent to the Recorder's court, where it will probably be heard today. There are four warrants against Sellars, each charging the larceny of a bicycle, and the value of the property named in each is said to be less than $20, therefore the matter comes within the jurisdiction of the Recorder's court. Sellers went to jail in default of $500 bond. It will be recalled that following information given by Patrolman Leon George, a search was made of Seller's home last Thursday and 18 bicycles alleged to have been stolen from various persons were found locked in two rooms.

"The Life of Moses."

Great Biblical story in three reels—Grand Theatre today. **

Report to the Corporation Commission of the condition of

THE Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

at Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business on the 7th day of March, 1911.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$1,616,977.11
Bond Account	4,300.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1.00
Real Estate	24,333.34
Demand Loans	125,080.48
Cash on hand and in Banks	99,915.96
Invested Trust Funds	33,390.21
Vault Account	3,333.32
Building Account	4,816.08
Total	$1,912,147.50

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 100,000.00
Surplus	100,000.00
Undivided Profits	72,290.23
Dividends Unpaid	66.50
Deposits	1,639,781.77
Total	$1,912,147.50

I, J. L. Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, and that the Schedules on the back of this report, which are hereby referred to and made a part of this report, are true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
N. B. RANKIN,
J. W. YATES,
J. V. GRAINGER,
Directors.

mh11-tf

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

The New Spring Goods

Have arrived and are now on display. The Ladies' Coat Suits for

$15.00

are in great demand. Made of Spring suitings and cream serges.

The Ladies' Home Journal Patterns Nos. 5927-5913

$15 Satin Foulard Dresses in all the latest shades.

5735 Embroidery 14283

5840

The Ladies' Home Journal Patterns

Ladies Home Journal Patterns

for April have arrived. We sell more of these patterns than all the others that are offered combined. Stock always complete; the sold-outs are ordered daily.

New Spring Mattings and Art Squares are ready for your inspection.

Special This Week—Two patterns of a $30 Axminster Art Square, 9x12 feet, for..... $22.50

Let us figure on your new window shades. Large assortment to select from.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Bertha Peterson, of Atkinson, N. C., returned to her home Tuesday after visiting friends at Fayetteville, Maxton, Lumberton and Wilmington.

* * *

Miss Mamie Nathan has returned from a visit to friends in New York and Philadelphia. While in New York she was the guest of Mrs. Joseph E. Schloss.

* * *

The Baraca Class of Grace Methodist Church will give a sociable in the lecture room of the church Thursday evening, for which an attractive programme is being prepared.

* * *

The Alumnae Association of the State Normal and Industrial College will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Miss Yates, on North Fourth street. All members are urgently requested to attend.

* * *

The Ladies Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will hold their regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the church parlors. All the ladies of the congregation are cordially invited to be present.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. W. H. McEachern left Sunday night for a business trip to Buffalo, N. Y.

—Mr. L. Stein, of the A. David Co., left last night for Baltimore where he will spend a week or ten days on business and pleasure.

—The civic improvement committee of the Chamber of Commerce will hold an important meeting in the rooms of the Chamber this afternoon. Every member of the committee is requested to be present.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Several Cases Were Investigated at Yesterday's Sitting.

Investigation of the case against James Watters, colored, charged with assault with deadly weapon upon Geo. Winn, also colored, committed some months ago, was the most important matter in the Recorder's court yesterday morning. It will be recalled that Watters eluded the police until a few weeks ago and made a desperate effort at that time to evade arrest, being captured only after he was wounded by a bullet from an officer's revolver. The wound was a painful and obstinate one and not until a few days ago was the negro able to leave the hospital. For assault on Winn, the defendant was fined $25 and costs, or three months on the county roads. Another warrant charges him with larceny from the person of $6.60 from Will Nixon, the offense alleged to have been committed at Seventh and Nun streets December 24th last. This case was sent up to Superior Court, the Recorder not having jurisdiction. The bond was fixed at $200, which the defendant was unable to give.

Gus Bostelle and Emma Black, a white man and woman, were fined $5 each and costs for an affray, and the same amount was required of Ethel Ray and Lula Franks, colored, charged with a similar offense. Six drunks were required to pay the usual amount for such offenses.

Judgment was announced yesterday morning by Substitute Recorder Harriss in cases against Pars Nixon, colored, investigated at a special session of court Saturday afternoon. Nixon was found guilty of the charge of assault with deadly weapon upon "Nig" Sharpless, colored, at Castle Haynes, some weeks ago, and a fine of $50 and costs was entered against him, the total amounting to $85.70, which he arranged to pay. In the case charging him with carrying a concealed weapon, judgment was suspended.

NEWS OF THE SHIPPING.

Three Steamers and One Schooner Arrived—Fertilizer Material.

Two steamers with fertilizer material, one to load gum logs and a schooner with cargo of molasses from Barbados, arrived in port yesterday. The British steamer Frieda, Capt. Wright, comes from New York to receive gum logs from the Acme Tea Chest Co., for Glasgow and the vessel is to C. D. Maffitt. The British steamer Auchencrag, Capt. Reid, arrived from Savannah with part cargo of fertilizer material for the German Kali Works to be discharged at the Seaboard terminals. The Norwegian steamer Fimreite, Capt. Mortesen, with cargo of nitrate of soda, comes from Chile. This is one of the largest steamers to visit port in some time and brings 1,070 tons to be discharged to the Seaboard. The vessel is to R. C. Currie, Seaboard agent.

The schooner Harry W. Haynes, Capt. Goodwin, arrived yesterday from Barbados with cargo of molasses for the C. C. Covington Company. The vessel brings 1,375 barrels and comes to C. D. Maffitt.

The schooners Florence Howard, Capt. Farrow, cleared light yesterday for Savannah, and Emma F. Angell, Capt. Larabee, for Ceylon, Ga., both to receive cargoes for Northern markets.

Infant Daughter Passes.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Benton have the sympathy of a great many friends in the death of their infant daughter, Amoret Leonora Benton, which occurred at the family residence, No. 322 South Fourth street, Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. The funeral was held at 11 o'clock yesterday morning from the residence, conducted by Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, and the interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

A Fierce Night Alarm.

is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it aroused Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O., (R. F. D. No. 2,) for their four children were greatly subject to croup. "Sometimes in severe attacks," he wrote, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds, or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, la grippe, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 50c and $1. Trial bottle free. Sold by Robt. R. Bellamy.

WORST HAIL STORM IN YEARS

Visited This City and Section Late Yesterday Afternoon—Damage to Truck Feared—Reports From Other Sections.

Out of a dense, black cloud, which swept down upon the city with a startling suddenness, yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, came one of the worst hail storms that has visited Wilmington and vicinity in ten years, in the opinion of many. Except the smashing of several skylights, there was no damage in the city, but it is feared that truck throughout this section has suffered, information regarding which was not obtainable last night on account of the fact that the electrical storm accompanying the hail prevailed until a late hour and those having telephones in the country were afraid to answer the calls.

Reports from points heard from, Winter Park, East Wilmington, and Middle Sound, were to the effect that it was not thought that much damage was done. The hail was not so bad towards Castle Haynes and Scott's Hill as in this vicinity, but little telephone connection further than Wrightsboro could be secured with either last night.

About the middle of the afternoon lowering clouds were observed and the atmosphere became decidedly more chilly, with a sprinkle of rain about 5 o'clock. Shortly before 6 o'clock the clouds from the north began to gather rapidly and became thicker and blacker until the city was engulfed in darkness. With a few flashes of lightning and peals of thunder some distance away, it began to rain, followed in a few minutes by hail of large size, the rattling noise as it peltered on windows on north side of buildings and on skylights causing much excitement and no little apprehension, especially among women and children at home by themselves. Happily, the hail fell for only a short time in the city, though at some points it lasted for about a half an hour and at Middle Sound for 20 minutes. Rain continued at intervals throughout the first part of the night, accompanied by thunder and lightning.

Passengers arriving on the A. & Y. train last night reported that they heard, while in Sanford, that Winston-Salem and vicinity were visited during the afternoon by the worst storm in the history of that city. No particulars were obtainable at Sanford and it was stated that the city had been cut off from communication with the outside world by havoc wrought the telegraph and telephone wires. The storm also passed over Sanford, but was not so severe there, it was stated, although it was so dark that it was necessary to turn on electric lights. The train was on this side of Fayetteville when the passengers first noticed hail.

A report was received here early last night that Clio, S. C., was visited by the worst hail storm ever known in that section and that considerable damage was done, but particulars were not obtainable.

At Middle Sound it was reported that some of the hail stones were as large as small eggs and the wind accompanying the storm was very high, but it was not thought that very much damage had been done, though no investigation had been made of truck by The Star's informant. The hail storm lasted but a short time at Winter Park Gardens and Mr. J. G. Seitter, of the Carolina Trucking Development test farm, stated that he did not think any of his truck was damaged. His lettuce are under glass covers and he stated that the glass was not broken by the hail.

Blind Mule Came to Grief.

It was learned later in the night that a blind mule came to grief from fright produced by the hail stones pelting upon his back while he was standing at Sixth and Campbell streets and attached to a wagon. Soon after the hail began the animal dashed up Sixth street, and being unable to see where it was going, ran up on the abutments of the proposed new Sixth street bridge over the A. C. L., and was precipitated to the ground, on a level with the tracks, a distance of some yards. The wagon was badly damaged, and the mule was painfully injured. The team belonged to R. H. Martin, colored, of 706 Hanover street, and he stated to the police last night that he thought the animal would recover.

Yesterday afternoon's Fayetteville Observer says:

"As we write these lines, 4:15 o'clock, it is as dark as midnight, with a heavy rain storm descending. We have never seen it so dark before at the time of day; an eclipse of the sun does not make it half so dark."

OLD PATIENTS CALL.

Dr. McKanna Sees Many Who Express their Gratitude.

Dr. J. J. McKanna, who has announced that he will remain in Wilmington a few days longer for the benefit of those who wish to confer with him in regard to his treatment for the liquor habit, yesterday at The Orton received many of his old patients whom he treated here five years ago. They all assured Dr. McKanna of their deep gratitude and told of the very great benefit he had been to them in enabling them to lead a changed and sober life.

Mr. C. N. Packer, of 513 Brunswick street, a painter at the A. C. L. shops, was especially grateful to the doctor and asked to be quoted as saying that he took the treatment in October, 1906; has never taken a drink since and has built himself a house and is living a happy and contented life with his family. He cheerfully recommends Dr. McKanna's treatment to anyone afflicted with the drink habit.

Dr. McKanna's second class is now being organized and will be begun today. He says there is always room for one more up to the limit of something over a hundred. He will take pleasure in conferring with anyone interested in his wonderful remedy.

Every Sunday School Pupil

Should see "The Life of Moses" at the Grand today. **

..Theatrical..

Special Picture for Lent.

The Grand makes an announcement that will undoubtedly please a number of regular patrons who have not been attending during the Lenten season. This picture is made up of three reels and is an exact reproduction of the Life of Moses.

There will be only the three reels of this picture so the closet observer of Lent will not see anything but that is entirely in keeping with the period.

The following is an exact clipping from the N. Y. Motion Picture World which is proof positive of the high quality of these pictures:

"The Life of Moses; V.—The Promised Land." Vitagraph. So far as quality is concerned these pictures are up to the standard set by this company and concludes what is one of the marvels in moving picture making.

"To properly stage one of these pictures is one of the greatest achievements this enterprising company has to its credit and its interpretation of the life and times of that early date is to be commended from every standpoint. This series forms a set of pictures which should form a prominent part of a programme in every church and Sunday school in the country. It will give the children a new and far more satisfactory understanding of the Bible story than they could obtain in any other way. To follow the children of Israel in this graphic way from bondage through to the Promised Land is an education in Biblical history which could be obtained in no other way. No other method so satisfactory could be devised.

"Churches which may desire to make Lent a notable season this year would do well to make up a programme of this series and present for the benefit of their congregations."

The new baritone, Mr. Henry, was the main attraction yesterday and proved an immediate hit, his rendition of "The Moonlight and You," was perfect and he sung himself into popular favor at once. Mr. Henry will sing a new song every day.

The management again desires to call attention to the $5 in gold offered as a prize for the best essay on the Life of Moses. This contest is open to all pupils of the Union and Hemenway grammar schools. These pictures in their entirety will be presented at the Grand today, beginning at 11 A. M. Admission 5 cents in the afternoon and 10 cents at night.

Bijou.

From an artistic standpoint the Bijou yesterday inaugurated what will undoubtedly be one of the biggest weeks in its history. The management is confident of this, because it has a contract for the very latest films and the films on the market this week are the best in months, and, it is decidedly worthy of note, that the Bijou gets the same films simultaneously with the large theatres of the larger cities. Yesterday's programme exemplified that the Bijou gives only what is the greatest and the cleanest. Three reels of motion pictures were presented yesterday to the delight of large audiences, and not only did the bill include one big Biograph film, but also the very latest creation of the famed Pathe company, the French concern of moving picture manufacturers. Then there was a new illustrated song, and Mr. Frank Banks rendered the song in superb manner. Mr. Banks' singing is a big feature, because his voice is strong, melodious and clear. The picture programme for today will contain three reels of the most expensive films. Mr. Banks, of course, will be heard at each performance. Verily, the Bijou is a decidedly attractive spot.

Joyland.

This little Market street theatre unlike "complimentary aviation meets," always shows up with the goods, and always pleases its patrons. They give more than value received in up-to-date motion pictures every day, besides a catchy new song by the favorite Mr. Reilly. The feature picture for today will be "The Criminal Chief's Capture." This is one of the most sensational stories ever put on in a photoplay theatre and will interest every one. Two other reels will be on too. Mr. Reilly will sing "When Your Heart Meets a Heart Like Mine." Wednesday night will be amateur night again, when four big vaudeville acts will be on, besides other attractive features.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. will meet tonight at 8:15 o'clock to transact the regular and special business connected with the work of the association.

—Mr. Horace R. Dowell, of Raleigh, supervising agent for North Carolina of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., of Newark, N. J., is in the city, the guest of Mr. A. S. Holden, the local representative of the company.

—The regular monthly meeting of the County Board of Education was held yesterday afternoon with Chairman J. O. Carr presiding and Messrs. Chas. E. Taylor, Jr., and D. J. Fergus, members of the board; Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent, and Treasurer H. McL. Green in attendance. The time of the meeting was devoted to routine matters.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Ex-Judge E. K. Bryan, commissioner, to Hilton Lumber Co., for $1,995, four lots: on southeast corner of Fifth and Smith streets; on northwest corner of Sixth and Haward streets; southwest corner of Fifth and Ashe streets; southeast corner of Sixth and Ashe streets; ex-Judge E. K. Bryan, commissioner, to John H. Beery, for $6,000, property on Cape Fear river, beginning where north side of Cape Fear street would intersect the river, being part of blocks 405, 412, 423, 415, 425 and all of blocks 414 and 424; Hilton Lumber Co., to Walter L. Parsley, for $1,000, lot on southwest corner of Fifth and Ashe streets; Hilton Lumber Co., to Walter L. Parsley, for $450, lot on northwest corner of Sixth and Howard streets, being parts of lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 359; John H. Beery, to Hilton Lumber Co., for $6,000, the property which he secured from Commissioner Bryan, as given above.

CHANGE IN WOMAN'S LIFE

Made Safe by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—Mrs. Chas. Barclay, R.F.D., Graniteville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing woman's ills such as inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

DR. NASH'S NEW BOOK.

"Early Morning Scenes of the Bible" Has Just Been Issued.

Rev. L. L. Nash, evangelist of the North Carolina Conference, M. E. Church, South, arrived in Wilmington yesterday from Richlands, Onslow county, where for two weeks he has been assisting the pastor there, Rev. W. E. Brown, is conducting a revival service. The series of services closed on Sunday, after a very refreshing experience for the church.

The Star was pleased to have a call yesterday from Dr. Nash and to get a glimpse of his new book, "Early Morning Scenes in the Bible." This is the doctor's second book and it has been highly endorsed by the press and favorably received everywhere. Dr. Nash's first book, "Spiritual Life," was so popular that its sale exhausted two editions, and his new book is destined to reach even a larger sale. The publishers received a guarantee for the publication of "Spiritual Life" but its merits were so pronounced that they unreservedly accepted the manuscript of the new book, which quite naturally is exceedingly interesting, as it covers and elaborates some intensely interesting features of the Bible. The Flemming H. Revelle Company, of New York, Chicago, Toronto, London and Edinburgh are publishers of Dr. Nash's works and they are sold in Europe as well as in this country.

FEAST OF PURIM.

Observance of Period in Wilmington by Those of Jewish Faith.

The Feast of Purim, an important event in the Jewish Church calendar, began last evening and will continue for 24 hours. Services were held in Temple of Israel, at 5:30 o'clock, conducted by the Rabbi, Rev. Dr. S. Mendelsohn, with a large congregation. Appropriate musical numbers were rendered by the quartette. The period will be concluded with the Purim Ball in the handsome rooms of Harmony Circle this evening. The Purim Ball is participated in generally by children and younger members of the Jewish faith. The pleasant affair this evening is expected to be largely attended by the young people.

The Charm of Fine Candies

is in their purity and freshness. It's best to be sure of both. But there's never any doubt when you buy Nunnally's—the highest grade candies made in the South and famous for over 25 years.

Almost daily we receive express shipments from the Nunnally Candy Kitchens.

Nunnally's

name on a box assures purity, quality, deliciousness.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.
AGENTS.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank my friends, both white and colored, who by words and acts showed their sympathy for myself over the loss of my dear wife, and assure them that their kindness will never be forgotten.

CHARLES HUBBARD. **

CAPT. LOVELAND MOURNED.

Masters of American Schooners Here Pay Tribute to His Memory.

A touching tribute to the memory of Capt. Arthur T. Loveland, late master of the schooner Joel Cook, who passed away at the Marine Hospital last Friday morning, was paid him by the masters of American schooners at this port in resolutions adopted at a meeting Saturday. Mr. C. D. Maffitt yesterday received a telegram from a brother of the deceased master stating that Capt. Loveland's funeral will be held today at Hammonton, N. J.

The resolutions adopted are as follows:

"Whereas: The Almighty God in His wise power has seen fit to remove from our midst on the morning of March 10th, 1911, Arthur T. Loveland, late master of the Schr. 'Joel Cook,'

"Resolved, That we have lost through his death one of our most skilful American masters and beloved comrade;

"Resolved, That we, the undersigned masters of American schooners now in the port of Wilmington, extend to his family our deepest sympathy during this time of sorrow;

"Resolved, that we wish to express to Dr. C. H. Gardner, Mr. C. D. Maffitt and to other devoted friends at the port of Wilmington our deep appreciation of the kindness and attention shown Capt. Loveland during his last illness;

"Resolved further, That a copy of these resolutions be given the Wilmington papers and that a copy be sent the family of Capt. Loveland."

(Signed):

J. D. Sproul, master schooner Augustus Welt.

S. P. Larrabee, master schooner Emma F. Angell.

E. F. Jones, master schooner Geo. F. Scannel.

Wm. E. Farrow, master schooner Florence Howard.

Chas. C. Adams, master schooner John B. Blemiller,

E. C. Perkins, master schooner T. W. Dunn.

W. J. Fletcher, master schooner Brina P. Pendleton.

MRS. MARY NORMENT ILL.

Author of History of Lowry Bandits and Writer of Note.

Purvis, Robeson County, N. C., March 11.—The many friends of Mrs. Mary C. Norment will regret to learn that she lies critically ill at her home near this place. Many of the older people of our county remember her contributions to the Robesonian and other papers of the State, in the early seventies. She is also remembered as the author of the history of that lawless band of robbers which infested Robeson county in the years directly after the late war.

HER TRIP ALL IN VAIN

Ontario Lady Journeys to Richmond, in Search of Relief, But Without Success.

Ontario, Va.—"I went to Richmond," says Mrs. M. L. Anderson, "and consulted a specialist; I tried almost everything in the medicine line, but nothing proved a cure, until I tried Cardui. I had indigestion very bad, and a complication of diseases.

Although I had no faith in it, I bought a bottle of Cardui, but, soon, there was such a change. I was certainly benefitted. I felt so different! Then, I began to take the medicine in earnest. Now, I can do my work, and I eat and sleep like a young person.

Cardui also cured my daughter of womanly troubles. I keep Cardui in the house, all the time. It is a great blessing to all women who need it."

If you suffer from any form of womanly weakness, try Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui helps nature to perform a cure, in a natural, easy way.

It is made from mild herbs, having a gentle tonic effect on the womanly constitution.

It improves the appetite, tones up the weak, nervous system, and helps to make pale cheeks look fresh and rosy.

Cardui is successful. Try it.

N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

Apinol Shampoo

Removes Dandruff; cleanses the scalp; gives a healthy tone to the hair follicles, and makes the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. Recommended by physicians and hair specialists, and many others who have used it.

25 cents the Can.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.
Front and Grace Streets.

ANOTHER FLIGHT!

We are on top with more of those
EXTRA FANCY
DRESSED CHICKENS
Extra choice Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork, Sausage, Etc. Our honey cured Hams and Bacon can't be beat. Come or phone.

HOPKINS & DAVIS
FRONT STREET MARKET:

Stalls—	Phones—
Nos. 1 and 2, N. Side.	141.
No. 1 and 3, S. Side.	128.

THE E. SNYDER CO.

DECORATORS.
119 Dock St. Wilmington, N. C.
Painting, Paper Hanging, Decorating
Fresco Work a Specialty.
Estimates and Suggestions cheerfully given.

Boys' and Girls' Rompers Made to Order

Sample display of rompers at our store this entire week orders will be taken for delivery from April 1st. to 15th., made in any style at a price from .50 to $1,50 each. Rompers are the best summer garments that a boy or girl can wear.

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 S. Front Street

WE have every facility known in banking, which we offer to depositors, and they have in dealing here the security of $1,250,000.00 net assets over every liability. We also have money to lend to all who deal here and are worthy of credit.

The Murchison National Bank

Office Supplies

Yawman & Erbe Vertical Letter Files and Card Index Systems; Moore's Loose Leaf Record Books for all office and factory record keeping systems; Loose Leaf Ledgers and Memo. Books; Typewriter Paper; Ribbons and Carbon Paper. Inks, Pens, Pencils and Pen Holders.

The Fox Visible Typewriter.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
32 North Front street.

A Demonstration

places you under no obligation to buy.

Let us show you our cars.

E. M. F. "30"

$1,150 with Top and Windshield, Magneto, all lamps, etc.

Firestone-Columbus

Four door, Center Control.
All Lamps, Presto-Tank.
Top Windshield, double ignition system $2,250

W. D. MacMILLAN, JR.

WOOD'S HIGH-GRADE

Farm Seeds.

We are headquarters for the best in all Farm seeds.

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FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

MAY SHORTS SCARE FEATURE

Went Into New High Ground for the Movement on Cotton Market Yesterday—Decline of Two to Eleven Points.

New York, March 13.—The feature in the cotton market today was a scare of May shorts, that position selling up to 14.63 or into new high ground for the movement, and to a premium of about 28 points over July. The difference narrowed somewhat after the more urgent demand from shorts had been satisfied and the list eased off from the best during the late trading with the close steady at a net decline of 2 to 11 points.

The market opened steady at a decline of 5 to 9 points in response to lower cables than expected, press advices indicating rains in the Southwest, realizing buyers of last week, and local selling. Prices worked about eight to twelve points net lower right after the call but leading bull brokers soon appeared around the ring with supporting orders, particularly in May and July and as soon as some of the recent sellers tried to cover, it developed that there was very little May for sale. That position quickly worked up from 14.47 to 14.63, or 7 points above the closing figures of Saturday. March was equally strong advancing to 14.45 or 8 points net higher, but other positions lagged and it was not until the official weather report was received from Houston showing no rain of consequence over Sunday in the Southwest, that July and new crop positions rallied to about the closing figures of last week. The advance to 14.63 for May which carried the market to within 2 points of the highest level touched since May sold at 13.70 on February 16th, seemed to raise the more urgent demand from shorts and later in the day the market was nervous and irregular with prices easing off from the best under realizing. May closed at 14.51 bid or about 12 points off from the top. Aside from the flurry among May shorts which was attributed largely to the rumors circulating with reference to the operations of a strong clique, the market showed no particular feature and this seemed to be no material change in the general character of the news. A reported failure in New Orleans attracted little attention here.

Receipts at the ports today 7,585 bales against 13,525 last week and 10,340 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 1,569 bales against 2,305 last year; and at Houston 2,216 bales against 3,858 last year.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 14.65; middling gulf 14.90; sales 600 bales.

Futures opened barely steady and closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
March	14.30	14.45	14.28	14.35
April	14.44	14.43	14.40	
May	14.50	14.63	14.47	14.51
June				14.27
July	14.31	14.38	14.25	14.26
August	13.84	13.86	13.76	13.80
October	12.67	12.73	12.64	12.66
December	12.55	12.63	12.54	12.56
January				12.54

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 14 9-16; net receipts, 3,508; gross receipts, 3,508; sales, 650; stock, 101,980; continent, 8,800; coastwise, 1,507.

New Orleans—Firm, 14 9-16; net receipts, 1,569; gross receipts, 1,569; sales, 300; stock, 140,633.

Mobile—Quiet, 14¼; net receipts, 258; gross receipts, 258; sales, 100; stock, 16,507; Great Britain, 1,405; coastwise, 24.

Savannah—Nominal, 14⅝; net receipts, 824; gross receipts, 824; sales, 500; stock, 67,171; Great Britain, 5,705; coastwise, 882.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts, 51; gross receipts, 51; stock, 22,178; coastwise, 24.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 301; gross receipts, 301; stock, 5,579.

Norfolk—Steady, 14⅝; net receipts, 418; gross receipts, 418; sales, 102; stock, 20,039; coastwise, 1,437.

Baltimore—Nominal, 14¾; net receipts, 160; stock, 4,305.

New York—Quiet, 14.65; gross receipts, 2,855; sales, 600; stock, 238,800; coastwise, 1,087.

Boston—Quiet, 14.65; net receipts, 243; gross receipts, 4,308; stock, 11,039.

Philadelphia—Steady, 14.90; gross receipts, 100; stock, 4,182.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 123; gross receipts, 123; coastwise, 123.

Minor Ports—Stock, 8,521.

Total today at all ports—Net, 7,785; Great Britain, 7,400; continent, 8,876; stock, 634,835.

Consolidated at all ports—Net, 17,911; Great Britain, 17,452; continent, 20,815.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 7,787,708; Great Britain, 2,963,010; France, 329,878; continent, 2,436,863; Japan, 135,366; Mexico, 1,625.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14 9-16; net receipts, 2,616; gross receipts, 2,616; shipments, 2,064; sales, 649; stock, 77,041.

Augusta—Steady, 14 11-16; net receipts, 50; gross receipts, 50; shipments, 36; sales, 554; stock, 50,770.

Memphis—Steady, 15; net receipts, 779; gross receipts, 1,287; shipments, 1,456; sales, 2,250; stock, 167,982.

St. Louis—Quiet, 14⅝; net receipts, 78; gross receipts, 553; shipments, 1,391; stock, 22,672.

Cincinnati—Quiet; net receipts, 808; gross receipts, 808; shipments, 882; stock, 20,611.

Little Rock—Quiet, 14⅝; net receipts, 358; gross receipts, 358; shipments, 369; stock, 28,561.

Louisville—Firm, 15.

Total today—Net receipts, 4,698; gross receipts, 5,681; shipments, 6,198; sales, 3,455; stock, 367,637.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Spot Small Business Done, Prices Unchanged—Futures.

Liverpool, March 13.—Spot cotton small business done, prices unchanged. American middling fair 8.11; good middling 7.79; middling 6.78; low middling 7.47; good ordinary 7.21; ordinary 6.96. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 5,500 American. Receipts 6,000 bales, including 2,100 American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet. March 7.44; March and April 7.44; April and May 7.44; May and June 7.44 1-2; June and July 7.41 1-2; July and August 7.38; August and September 7.16; September and October 6.86; October and November 6.72 1-2; November and December 6.66 1-2; December and January 6.66; January and February 6.65 1-2.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

MARINE

Arrived.

Br. str. Frieda, 1,325 tons, Wright, New York, C. D. Mafflitt.

Nor. str. Elmrelte, 3,135 tons, Mortesen, Chile, R. C. Currie.

Br. str. Auchencrag, 2,539 tons, Reid, Savannah, Heide & Co.

Schr. Harry W. Haynes, 359 tons, Goodwin, Barbadoes, C. D. Mafflitt.

Str. Carib, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Cleared.

Schr. Florence Howard, Farrow, Savannah, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Emma F. Angell, Larrabee, Ceylon, C. D. Mafflitt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Parkwood (Br.), 1,102 tons, Falconer, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Annette Farness (Dan.), 1,135 tons, Barsen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Hekla (Nor.), 1,464 tons, Jesperson, Heide & Co.

Frieda (Br.), 1,325 tons, Wright, C. D. Mafflitt.

Elmrlete (Nor.), 3,135 tons, Mortesen, R. C. Currie.

Auchencrag (Br.), 2,539 tons, Reid, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Harry W. Haynes, 359 tons, Goodwin, C. D. Mafflitt.

Geo. F. Scannell, 475 tons, Jones, C. D. Mafflitt.

Clifford N. Carver, 975 tons, Olsen, C. D. Mafflitt.

T. W. Dunn, 635 tons, Perkins, C. D. Mafflitt.

John B. Blemiller, 858 tons, Adams, C. D. Mafflitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Atlantic Coast Line—301 bales cotton; 2 casks spirits turpentine; 4 barrels rosin; 80 barrels tar; 28 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Bessie Moore—1 cask spirits turpentine; 7 barrels rosin.

Schr. Lisbon—4 casks spirits turpentine; 43 barrels rosin.

Total—301 bales cotton; 7 casks spirits turpentine; 54 barrels rosin; 89 barrels tar; 28 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, March 13.—Flour was barely steady with a moderate jobbing trade.

Rye Flour—Firm.

Corn Meal and Barley—Steady.

Rye—Dull.

Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 93 7-8 elevator and 94 5-8 f.o.b. afloat. Futures 1-8 to 1-2c net lower. May 96 3-8. July 95.

Corn—Spot steady; New No. 2, 53 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Futures 1-2c lower; May 56 1-2.

Oats—Spot firm; No. 2, 37; No. 3, 36; No. 4, 35 1-2. Futures steady. May 36.

Cut Meats—Barely steady; pickled hams 12c.

Lard—Easy; Middle West 9.15 to 9.25; refined steady; compound steady.

Tallow—Quiet.

Cotton Seed Oil—Generally steady with a quiet local trade. Crude remains firm with offerings scarce. Futures closed generally unchanged to two points net higher. March 6.70 to 6.73; April 6.73 to 6.79; May 6.82 to 6.84; June 6.88 to 6.92 1-2; July 6.92 to 6.93; prime crude 5.60 to 5.70; prime summer yellow 6.70 to 6.80; prime winter yellow 6.90 to 7.30; prime summer white 6.75 to 7.30.

Rosin—Firm.

Rice—Quiet.

Sugar—Raw firm; refined quiet.

Coffee—Futures steady at a slight decline. Spot—Quiet; Santos No. 4, 13 1-4; Mild—Quiet; Cordova 13 3-4 to 15 3-4.

Potatoes—Weak; Florida 1.25 to 1.50; Jersey sweets per barrel 2.50 to 3.75; Eastern shore do 1.75 to 2.00.

Cabbages—Steady; Southern per crate 2.00 to 2.50; red 2.50 to 3.00; Danish seed, old, per ton 8.00 to 10.00.

Freights—Steady; cotton to Liverpool per 100 pounds 10 per cent; grain to Liverpool 2d; grain to London 17d.

Peanuts—Quiet; fancy handpicked Virginia 5 to 5 1-4; Virginia shelled Nos. 1 and 2, 4 1-2 to 6 1-4.

Butter—Steady; creamery 20 to 27 1-2.

Cheese—Steady; 14 to 16.

Eggs—Easy; Southern 26 to 33.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, March 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady at 91 cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady, $6.85 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.40 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market, firm; $5.75 per barrel, for hard; $7.50 for dip; virgin, $8.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady at 50¾; rosin, steady, at $3.75; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine, firm at $3.00, $4.50 and $3.75.

Spirits Turpentine	7
Rosin	54
Tar	89
Crude Turpentine	28

Receipts same day last year, 9 casks spirits turpentine; 269 barrels rosin; 290 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.
Same day last year, 14 1-4 cents.
Receipts—301 bales; same day last year, 527 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 11th.)

PEANUTS—Virginias, .90 to $1.00 per bu.; North Carolinas, $1.50@$1.60; Spanish, $1.15@$1.25.

CORN—Firm; .68 to .70 per bu.

PEAS—White black-eye, $2.75; white lady finger, $3.00; clay peas, $2.00 per bu.

POTATOES—Yams, .75 per bu; Irish potatoes, .80@.90 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—Net, .09@.10 per lb.

WOOL—Burry, .12@.15 per lb.; free of burr, .18@.20 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .07 per lb.; dry, .12 per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, .18@.20 per lb.; sides and shoulders, .15@.16 per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, on foot, .15@.16 per lb.; dressed, .20@.22 per lb. Chickens, grown, .40@.50 per head; Chickens, spring, .20@.35 per head. Geese, .60 per head.

EGGS—Dull, .15 per doz.

SHEEP—Out of season.

DRY GOODS MARKETS.

New York, March 13.—News of drastic curtailment in the Southern cotton mills reached the dry goods markets during the day. Trade continues quiet in cotton goods. Yarns are in slightly better inquiry. Jobbers had a bright day.

Kills a Murderer.
A merciless murderer is Appendicitis with many victims but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

UNEASY DAY ON STOCK MARKET

Corporation Tax Decision Had Little Effect Upon the Market—Trading Quiet Throughout Day. The Features.

New York, March 13.—One of the group of Supreme Court decisions which Wall Street long has awaited with some trepedation, upholding the constitutionality of the corporation tax law, brought about merely a brief decline on the Stock Exchange, when it was announced today. With a few minutes stocks bounded back to the best prices of the day, and later made further improvement.

The news was received so calmly that the market was barely aroused from the dullness of the morning and during the remainder of the day trading was still quieter. Active stocks in most cases closed with good fractional gains.

The action of the market was regarded as indicative of its present strong position by traders, who recalled the uneasiness with which the financial community received the corporation tax plan when it was proposed nearly two years ago, soon after the induction of the present administration. At that time great emphasis was laid upon the administration's avowed purpose of scrutinizing financial affairs of corporations more closely in connection with the levy of the tax. When the government's power to collect the tax was finally affirmed today there were no such signs of uneasiness. The momentary depression of prices doubtless was the result of some hesitation as to how the new law would be taken as well as to an attempt on the part of the bear traders to utilize the decision for their own ends. It was seen quickly, however, that the court's finding had induced no liquidation of stocks of large holders and the market soon righted itself. The small supply of floating stocks, the eagerness of bear traders to cover and the knowledge that the largest holdings were in strong hands combined to prevent substantial losses. United States Steel fell a point, Union Pacific 3-4, and other stocks lesser amounts during the temporary setback.

Speculative operations of the day centered largely about Atchison. It was strong at the opening when the tone of the market was rather heavy and attracted support of bull traders who quickly advanced it a point. Other stocks improved with it, and the market was strong through the remainder of the session, except for the brief dip near. At the end of the day, Atchison, Reading, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and a few less prominent stocks had gained a point or more with some smaller gains predominating elsewhere. Minneapolis and St. Louis preferred, was a notable exception, selling at nearly 20 points below the last transaction prior to today, which was in November.

One of the largest copper producing companies was reported today to have made a further reduction in the price of its high grade ore, a step which gave no hint of the hoped for betterment in that industry. Western railroads reported a shrinkage in tonnage for last week to a point in most cases somewhat below last year's figures.

Rates for time money showed still further ease today and the market for prime mercantile paper was easier in tone. The unusual financial strength of the West, as reflected in heavy deposits and ease of money there, doubtless has its bearing upon the continued low rates at this center at a time when demands from the interior for crop requirements usually become heavy.

Trading in Wabash, Pittsburg Terminal bonds again was the point of interest in the bond market, sales of these issues making up about a third of the total. The recent activity in these securities is believed to foreshadow an end to the litigation in which the company has been involved. The general bond market was irregular. Total sales par value $3,001,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call. Total sales stocks for the day 206,900 shares.

THE BOND MARKET.

U. S. ref. 2s, registered	101¼
U. S. ref. 2s, coupon	101¼
U. S. 3s, registered	102½
U. S. 3s, coupon	102½
U. S. 4s, registered	115½
U. S. 4s, coupon	115½
Allis-Chalmers 1st 6s	77¾
American Agricultural	102
American Tel and Tel cv. 4s	107¼
American Tobacco 4s	85½
American Tobacco 6s	107½
Armour & Co 4½s	92¾
Atchison gen. 4s	98¼
Atchison cv. 4s	108
Atchison cv. 5s	109½
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	93¾
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	98¼
Baltimore and Ohio 3½s	92½
Baltimore and Ohio, S. W. 3½s	90½
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s	83¾
Central of Georgia 5s	108¾
Central Leather 5s	99
Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s	122¾
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	100¾
Chesapeake and Ohio ref. 5s	96⅝
Chicago and Alton 3½s	70¾
Chicago, B. and Quincy joint 4s	95¾
Chicago, B. and Quincy, gen. 4s	97¼
Chicago, Mil. and St. P. gen. 4s	92⅝
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. R. R. col. 4s	72⅝
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. rfg. 4s	88½
Colorado Industrial 5s	75
Colorado Midland 4s	65
Colo. and Southern ref. and ext. 4s	98½
Delaware and Hudson cv. 4s	98¼
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	93
Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s	92½
Distillers' 5s	77½
Erie, prior lien 4s	85
Erie gen. 4s	75
Erie cv. 4s, series "A"	75¼
Erie cv. 4s, series "B"	70¾
General Electric cv. 5s	147⅝
Illinois Central 1st ref. 4s	96⅜
Interborough-Met. 4½s	78⅝
Inter-Merc. Marine 4½s	65½
Japan 4s	88⅝
Japan 4½s	94⅝
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	73⅝
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	93¼
Louisville and Nashville Un. 4s	98½
Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s	97⅜
Mo., Kan. and Texas gen. 4½s	85¾
Missouri Pacific 4s	78
National Rys. of Mexico 4½s	93¼
New York Central gen. 3½s	87⅝
New York Central deb. 4s	93
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford cv. 6s	133¾
Norfolk and Western 1st con. 4s	98
Norfolk and Western cv. 4s	106
Northern Pacific 4s	100
Northern Pacific 3s	70½
Oregon Short Line rfdg. 4s	93¾
Penn. cv. 3½s (1915)	96¾
Penn. con. 4s	103⅜
Reading gen. 4s	97
St. Louis and San Fran fg. 4s	81¼
St. Louis and San Fran. gen. 6s	87
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	70¼
St. Louis Southwestern 1st gold 4s	90⅜
Seaboard Air Line 5s	73½
Southern Pacific col. 4s	92
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	97¾
Southern Pacific R. R. 1st ref. 4s	94⅝
Southern Railway 5s	107⅜
Southern Railway gen. 4s	78⅜
Union Pacific 4s	100⅜
Union Pacific cv. 4s	104⅛
Union Pacific 1st and ref. 4s	96½
U. S. Rubber 6s	103⅝
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	105⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chem. 5s	101⅝
Wabash 1st 5s	109
Wabash 1st and ext 4s	71
Western Maryland 4s	86¾
Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s	92
Wisconsin Central 4s	92¾

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	31
Amalgamated Copper	63
American Agricultural	54⅝
American Beet Sugar	44¼
American Can	9½
American Car and Foundry	52⅝
American Cotton Oil	59½
American Hide and Leather, pfd	23
American Ice Securities	24
American Linseed	10⅜
American Locomotive	30
American Smelting and Refining	74½
American Smelting and Ref., pfd	106½
American Steel Foundries	40⅝
American Sugar Refining	117½
American Tel and Tel	144⅞
American Tobacco, pfd	98¾
American Woolen	34¾
Anaconda Mining Co	38
Atchison	107⅜
Atchison, pfd	102½
Atlantic Coast Line	120¼
Baltimore and Ohio	100¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	76⅝
Canadian Pacific	214⅞
Central Leather	26¾
Central Leather, pfd	99
Central of New Jersey	280
Chesapeake and Ohio	82
Chicago and Alton	32
Chicago Great Western	21¼
Chicago Great Western, pfd	44
Chicago and North Western	142
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	120⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis	65
Colorado Fuel and Iron	32½
Colorado and Southern	54
Consolidated Gas	140¼
Corn Products	14
Delaware and Hudson	166⅝
Denver and Rio Grande	31½
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	70
Distillers' Securities	36½
Erie	28½
Erie, 1st pfd	47½
Erie, 2nd pfd	36
General Electric	149
Great Northern, pfd	134¾
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	34¼
Illinois Central	144
Interborough-Met.	18¼
Interborough-Met., pfd	51⅜
Inter Harvester	114
Inter-Marine, pfd	15¾
International Paper	10
International Pump	40
Iowa Central	16
Kansas City Southern	31½
Kansas City Southern, pfd	69½
Laclede Gas	111¼
Louisville and Nashville	144
Minneapolis and St. Louis	25
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	118¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	32½
Missouri, Kan. and Texas, pfd	66⅜
Missouri Pacific	53½
National Biscuit	123½
National Lead	51
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	34⅝
New York Central	102¾
New York, Ontario and Western	41
Norfolk and Western	105⅝
North American	70⅜
Northern Pacific	121⅝
Pacific Mail	24½
Pennsylvania	125⅜
People's Gas	105½
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	95
Pittsburg Coal	19⅜
Pressed Steel Car	32½
Pullman Palace Car	150
Railway Steel Spring	32½
Reading	155½
Republic Steel	32½
Republic Steel, pfd	98½
Rock Island Co	20¼
Rock Island Co., pfd	58¼
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	41½
St. Louis Southwestern	32
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	66
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	52¾
Southern Pacific	116
Southern Railway	26¼
Southern Railway, pfd	64
Tennessee Copper	37½
Texas and Pacific	27¾
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	22
Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd	51⅜
Union Pacific	173⅛
Union Pacific, pfd	91
United States Realty	68
United States Rubber	41½
United States Steel	76¾
United States Steel, pfd	118¼
Utah Copper	44½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	67
Wabash	17⅛
Wabash, pfd	38⅛
Western Maryland	49½
Westinghouse Electric	66¼
Western Union	72½
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, March 13.—Heavy selling carried down the price of wheat today, after experts investigating had declared the damage from Hessian fly inconsequential. The closing figures showed a net decline of ⅞@1 to 1⅛@1⅛. Other chief cereals finished also with a loss. Corn off ½ to ⅝@⅝, and oats ⅛@¼ to ¼. Provisions at the end of the day were the same as Saturday night, to 7½ below.

No. 2, red, 90¼@90⅝; No. 3, red, 88@91; No. 2, hard, 90@91½; No. 3, hard, 88@90½; No. 1, northern, 98@1.01; No. 2, northern, 97@1.00; No. 3, northern, 96@99; No. 2, spring, 90@95; No. 3, spring, 88@95; velvet chaff, 82@94; durum, 82@90.

Corn—No. 2, 47½@48; No. 2, white, 47½@48; No. 2, yellow, 48@48½; No. 3, 45⅝@46; No. 3, white, 45⅝@46½; No. 3, yellow, 46@47; No. 4, 43¾@44¼; No. 4, white, 43¾@44½; No. 4, yellow, 43¾@45.

Oats—No. 2, 30; No. 2, white, 31½@32; No. 3, white, 30½@31; No. 4, white, 30@30⅝; standard, 31@31½.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	91⅛	91⅞	90	90¾
July	90	90	88⅝	88⅞
Sept	89⅝	89⅞	88⅛	88¼
Corn:				
May	50	50	49½	49⅝
July	50¾	50¾	50¼	50½
Sept	51⅝	51⅝	51¼	51¼
Oats:				
May	31¼	31½	30⅞	30⅝
July	31	31	30⅜	30⅜
Sept	30⅞	31	30⅝	30⅝
Mess Pork, per barrel:				
May	17.40	17.47½	17.37½	17.42½
July	16.45	16.50	16.40	16.50
Lard, per 100 pounds:				
May	9.05	9.12½	9.05	9.12½
July	9.00	9.05	9.00	9.05
Sept	9.00	9.05	9.00	9.05
Short Ribs, per 100 pounds:				
May	9.40	9.47½	9.40	9.47½
July	9.00	9.07½	9.00	9.07½
Sept	9.00	9.05	8.97½	9.02½

NO ADVANCE IN LIVERPOOL.

Market Maintained by Demand for May Position—Cotton Features.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New York, March 13.—Liverpool again refused to advance, but the demand for the May position maintained this market until the last half hour. Many thought that some of the leading interests were parting with a portion of their holdings because of the near approach of their market to Liverpool which might induce return shipments for delivery. It was this idea which brought about the reaction at the close. Though no one thought the market broad enough to absorb any great quantity of cotton. The trade is confused between the strongest of the immediate deliveries and the poor accounts of the goods market.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

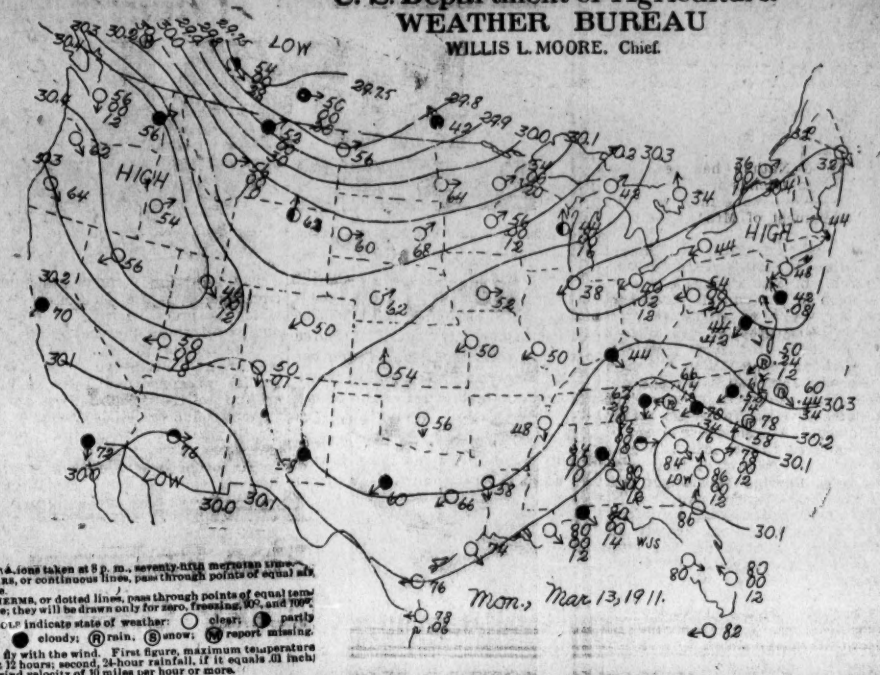
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

U. S. Department of Agriculture. WEATHER BUREAU

WILLIS L. MOORE, Chief.



Observations taken at 8 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time. ISOBARS, or continuous lines, pass through points of equal air pressure.

ISOTHERMS, or dotted lines, pass through points of equal temperature; they will be drawn only for zero, freezing, 32°, and 70°.

SYMBOLS indicate state of weather: ○ clear; ◑ partly cloudy; ● cloudy; (R) rain, (S) snow; (M) report missing.

Arrows fly with the wind. First figure, maximum temperature for past 12 hours; second, 24-hour rainfall, if it equals .01 inch; third, wind velocity of 10 miles per hour or more.

THE WEATHER

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., March 14, 1911.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M., Monday, March 13th:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 64 degrees; 8 P. M., 51 degrees; maximum, 78 degrees; minimum, 51 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .58; for the month, 2.58 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Monday, 8.7 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Clearing Tuesday; Wednesday, generally fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Port Calendar—March 13.

Sun Rises	6:24 A. M.
Sun Sets	6:19 P. M.
Day's Length	11 hrs. 55 min.
High water at Southport	7:43 A. M.
High water at Wilmington	10:43 A. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 13, 1911.

STATIONS.	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest Today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Asheville	raining	66	52	.14
Atlanta	pt. cloudy	76	60	.0
Charleston	clear	78	60	.0
Charlotte	cloudy	70	58	.34
Chicago	clear	38	34	.0
Galveston	clear	74	64	.0
Jacksonville	clear	86	62	.0
New Orleans	clear	80	66	.0
New York	clear	48	40	.0
Pittsburg	clear	54	36	.0
Raleigh	cloudy	60	58	.52
St. Louis	clear	50	30	.0
Washington	cloudy	44	42	.42

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, March 13.—Money on call steady 2 1-4 to 2 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-8; closing bid 2 1-4, offered at 2 3-8. Time loans very dull; sixty days 2 1-2 to 2 3-4; ninety days 2 3-4 to 3; six months 3 1-4 to 3 1-2.

Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8385 to 4.8390 for sixty day bills and at 4.8615 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 to 4.83 1-2; Bar Silver 53 1-8; Mexican dolars 45.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, March 13.—Turpentine, firm, New Orleans, March 13.—Receipts, rosin, 55 barrels; turpentine, 15 barrels; exports, none.

Charleston, March 13. — Turpentine and rosin, unchanged.

Savannah, March 13.—Turpentine, firm, at 93@93¾; sales ,119; receipts, 833; shipments, 469; stock, 1,298.

Rosin, firm. Sales, 259; receipts, 704; shipments, 3,539; stocks, 51,123. Quote: B, 7.35; D, 7.45; E, 7.75@H, 7.85; G, 7.87½; H, 7.90; I, 7.95; K, 8.00; M, 8.05; N, S.10; W G, 8.12½; W W, 8.17½.

Petersburg Peanut Market.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., March 10. — Spanish, firm, at $1.22* per bushel. Virginias, quiet. Bunch, 4c. per pound; Fancy Hand Picked, 3¼c. to 3½c. Extra Prime, 3c. to 3⅜c. Prime, 3c. Machine Picked, 3c. to 3½c. Shelling Stock, 2¾c. to 2¾c.

MORE DISORDER IN STRIKE.

Express Drivers Still Unable to Settle With the Company.

New York, March 13.—Few cases of disorder marked today's developments in the Adams Express drivers strike. One driver was beaten and several were stoned by sympathizers of the strikers, but little general interference blocked the routine schedule. The company issued a statement tonight in which it said practically all perishable shipments had been moved and that the situation was clearing. Officers of the strikers' organization said that the situation was practically unchanged.

Engaged Especially For Lent.
"The Life of Moses," famous Biblical story. Grand Theatre today. **

Hicks' Capudine

Cures Headaches—All Kinds—Gripp, Colds, Aches From Malarious Conditions, Etc.

Capudine cures Headaches, whether from heat, cold, brain-fag, over-exertion or stomach troubles. It cures sick headaches and nervous headaches also.

Capudine is also the quickest and best remedy for attacks of Cold or Gripp It relieves the aching and feverishness and restores normal conditions.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at drug stores.

PLANT COTTON ONE SEED AT A TIME

EQUALLY SPACED — NO SKIPS — NO BUNCHING.

Without preparation of the seed, plant a bushel or more or a peck or less to the acre, one to six inches apart, as you set it, always one seed at a time. Save half the work and time of chopping. Positive force feed means absolute regularity of drop without cracking or crushing seed. Each plant has room to grow though chopping be delayed. Insures early maturity and 5 bales from land you now get only 4, because no skips or gaps in your rows.

The Ledbetter One-Seed Planter,

plants on ridge or in water furrow. Levels the bed, opens furrow, plants seed any depth desired—one at a time, and presses earth over seed, all in one operation. Has flexible hitch rod, so planter always runs true. See every seed as it comes from hopper to spout. Hopper easily removed. Furnished with drag coverer in place of press wheel, if desired. If not at your dealer's, send us $14.00. We pay all freight. Our guarantee of satisfaction or money back protects you.

Write for interesting Free Books showing this and other styles. Write or see your dealer now.

$14.00, Freight Prepaid, if Your Dealer Does Not Sell It

Satisfaction guaranteed or money back promptly. Furnished with plates for planting cotton, corn, sorghum, peas, maize, Kaffir Corn and all similar seed.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

SELLING AGENTS.

EVERY TIME!

Every Time You Buy an Ordinary Suit You Take Big Chances of Disappointment.

Every time you buy a STEIN-BLOCH Suit you Guard Against Disappointment.

Let us show you these Clothes and prove the Truth of this assertion.

J. W. Fleet Co.

The One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Agents for Stein-Bloch Clothing and John B. Stetson Hats.

Engineer's and Architect's Supplies.

DRAWING AND TRACING PAPER, TRACING LINEN, DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, THUMB TACKS, T SQUARES AND TRIANGLES, SCALES, DETAIL AND PROFILE PAPER, FIELD AND LEVEL BOOKS, ETC.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MATERIAL MANUFACTURED BY KEUFFEL & ESSER CO., AND SUPPLY AT FACTORY PRICES

C. W. YATES & CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEED POTATOES.

115 Sacks Red Bliss.	15 Bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
25 Sacks White Bliss.	700 Tons Navassa Guano.
75 Sacks Irish Cobblers.	200 Tons Bangles Guano.
25 Sacks Early Rose.	100 Tons Acme Guano.
25 Bushels Yellow Onions Sets.	

Also a full line of Groceries, all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS,

*WHOLESALE GROCERS,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Geo. O. Gaylord—Notice.
American National Bank—Stop the Leaks.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—First Spring Opening.
St. John's Lodge, A., F. & A. M.—Regular Communication.

Business Locals.

Lost—Pin.
Wanted—Furnished Rooms.
Smith & Lord—Rooms for Rent.
Palace Market Co.—Early Vegetables.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.—Attention, Mothers.

WEST AND HIS GANG.

Trial Begins at Wilson—Prisoners Brought From Raleigh.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., March 13.—The special term of court to try Lewis West and others implicated in the murder of Deputy Sheriff George Mumford, convened here today. West, Stetson and Sims were brought here last night from Raleigh, where they were kept for safe keeping in the State's prison and taken off the train on the edge of the city and carried to jail with only a few persons knowing of their arrival. The prisoners were brought into court and Judge Adams assigned W. A. Lucas and E. J. Barnes to defend their prisoners, allowing counsel all the afternoon to consult. The prisoners will be arraigned tomorrow morning and a special venire is ordered from which to select the jury. There was a big crowd here today but no demonstration. A large number of deputies have been sworn in and the prisoners will be protected.

Raleigh, N. C., March 13.—Under heavy guard Lewis West and the members of his band of negro desperadoes who have been confined in the State's prison for safe keeping since their arrest following the murder of Deputy Sheriff Mumford at Wilson February 3rd, were taken from here on a special train this morning to Wilson to stand trial at a special term of court ordered by Governor Kitchin. Eighteen members of West's gang have been arrested, charged with complicity in his crimes at Wilson and elsewhere and the Wilson military company will be on duty there during the trial to prevent trouble. Judge J. S. Adams will preside and Solicitor Allsbrook will prosecute assisted by a number of prominent attorneys.

MURPHY UPSETS CONFERENCE.

Failed to Reach Albany to See Dix and Gaynor Last Night.

Albany, N. Y., March 13.—Plans for a conference on the senatorial situation tonight between Governor Dix, Mayor Gaynor, of New York, and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, were upset by the failure of Mr. Murphy to reach Albany this afternoon as he had planned and as a result there will not be a meeting until tomorrow.

The conference was arranged by Governor Dix in accordance with the efforts he has made to end the long deadlock in the senatorial situation. It is believed here that the recently letter of Mayor Gaynor volunteering his assistance in breaking the deadlock is one of the causes that led the governor to act.

Governor Dix said tonight that he had no particular candidate in mind to suggest to the conference. So far as he knew the governor said, the mayor had no intention of advocating any particular candidate at this time.

DEATH OF MR. McGOUGAN.

Aged Citizen Passed Away at His Home at Lumber Bridge.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 13.—The Observer this afternoon says that a telegram from Lumber Bridge today announces the death at his home there this morning of Mr. Daniel W. McGougan, an uncle of Dr. J. V. McGougan, of this city.

The deceased was one of the best citizens of the Cape Fear section, and was held in the highest esteem by everyone who knew him. He was 84 years of age, and was never married. He is survived by three brothers, Messrs. Jas. A. and C. P. McGougan, of Lumber Bridge, and Dr. John McGougan, of Whiteville, and two sisters, Miss Catherine White McGougan and Mrs. John D. Malloy.

Mr. McGougan was a Confederate veteran with a fine war record, and was a prominent member of the Masonic order.

The funeral will take place at Lumber Bridge tomorrow afternoon.

CARNEGIE TRUST COMPANY.

Probed Into Affairs of Failed New York Institution.

New York, March 13.—The grand jury began today an investigation into the affairs of the Carnegie Trust Company, which was closed on February 1st. Three witnesses were examined. The investigation, it is said, may result in the indictment of two and possibly three persons on charges of forgery.

Joseph G. Robin, the indicted president of the Washington Savings Bank, who is said to have furnished District Attorney Whitman with information concerning the Carnegie Trust Company, visited the district attorney's office before the case was presented to the grand jury.

THE ADVICE OF A FRIEND

Given to Those Who Need It.

San Francisco, Cal.—"To anyone who is run-down or who needs a good blood purifier, I want to recommend Vinol, the great cod liver and iron tonic. I was run-down, feeling badly and only weighed about 140 pounds. I took a course of Vinol—it purified my blood, gave me a fine appetite and built me right up. Now I am well and strong, weigh 175 pounds, and, in fact, never felt better in my life." John S. Charles, 3264 17th street, San Francisco, Cal. (We guarantee this testimonial to be genuine.)

Vinol is a delicious combination of the health-giving properties of cod's liver, with the grease eliminated, and tonic iron added, blended in a mild medicinal wine.

If your blood is poor or sluggish, your appetite poor, your digestion weak or your vitality not up to the standard, or if you are suffering from chronic coughs, colds or bronichal troubles, try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that your money will be returned if it does not help you. It could not do what all these people claim it did for them if it was not honest.—Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

MAKES HOME BAKING EASY

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings
Flaky Crusts

and the food is finer, more tasty, cleanly and wholesome than the ready-made found at the shop or grocery.

Royal Cook Book—800 Receipts—Free. Send Name and Address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

DICKINSON DID NOT SAIL.

Disagreement Forced Secretary of War to Remain in New York.

New York, March 13.—Jacob M. Dickinson, Secretary of War, did not sail for Panama today. Instead he called a meeting of the board of directors of the Panama Railroad Company for tomorrow. Unexpected complications have arisen in the pending negotiations between the Panama Railroad Company and the steamship lines operating for the government, which necessitated his remaining in this city over tomorrow at least.

Secretary Dickinson arrived at the office of the Panama Railroad Company this morning, where he was engaged with the vice president of that company and representatives of the California-Atlantic Steamship Company and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company in regard to the agreements to be made between Panama Railroad Company and those steamship companies. The present allowance of 70 per cent. to the steamers plying in the coastwise trade has been allowed to the Panama Railroad Company with the right to determine it upon 90 days' notice. The 90 days' notice was given with a view of entering into new arrangements and the time expires in April.

He stated that he had expected that those contracts would be all settled before he went to Panama for it was not desirable to leave the matter unsettled during an absence of three or four weeks, the questions being of too much importance to be left in abeyance during his absence in view of the approaching termination of the present arrangements. He stated that some questions involving very serious differences developed at this morning's conference which would have to be passed on by him personally, and that for this reason he had postponed his trip and called a meeting of the board of directors of the Panama Railroad Company for tomorrow. Being asked whether or not this postponement was affected in any way by the Mexican situation or by the movements of troops to Texas, he stated that these considerations had nothing to do with it.

Secretary Dickinson in discussing the movement of troops to Texas, declared that talk about the troops being sent there for intervention in the affairs of Mexico was unjustifiable, and had no foundation in fact.

DECLARES ACTION LEGAL.

Decision of Supreme Court Regarding Some Missouri Eggs.

Washington, D. C., March 13.—Some Missouri eggs of the vintage of 1908 or earlier, the Supreme Court of the United States today declared were properly pursued and confiscated by the Federal government as adulterated, under the pure food or drugs act., after such articles had passed through an inter-state journey, provided that the original package in which they were shipped remained unbroken.

The question arose over the confiscation of fifty cans of whole eggs shipped from St. Louis, Mo., and Peoria, Ills., claimed to have been unlawfully adulterated with boric acid, used as a preservative and for use in the manufacture of vanilla wafers.

TICK FEVER QUARANTINE.

By Secretary of Agriculture—North Carolina Counties.

Washington, Marcsh 13.—The Federal quarantine for Texas fever or tick fever of cattle by order of the Secretary of Agriculture, taking effect March 15th, releases the counties of Fluvanna and Chesterfield, in Virginia; Stanly, Montgomery, Randolph, Chatham, Wake and Franklin counties in North Carolina. The county of Overton and portions of the counties of Fentress, Polk, Lincoln, Lawrence, Benton and Madison, of Tennessee.

Attacks School Principal.

A severe attack on school principal Chas. B. Allen, of Sylvania, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered indescribable torture from rheumatism, liver and stomach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed till I used Electric Bitters, but four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me completely." Such results are common. Thousands bless them for curing stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, billousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

BALL MANAGER BEREAVED.

Y. M. C. A. Activities at the A. & M. College—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

West Raleigh, N. C., March 13.—O. M. Sigmon, manager of the varsity baseball team, and one of the most popular members of the Senior class, was called home several days ago on account of the critical illness of his father, Mr. W. Henderson Sigmon, of Hickory, who died Saturday.

At one of the most largely attended meetings of the Y. M. C. A. this session, held in Pullen Hall at 2 P. M., Sunday afternoon, officers for next year were elected as follows: President, W. H. Graham, Jr.; vice president, T. R. Parrish; treasurer, A. K. Robertson; corresponding secretary, E. B. Nichols; recording secretary, R. L. Sloan.

At the regular Sunday meeting of the association, held immediately after the election of new officers, B. R. Lacy, Jr., son of State Treasurer Lacy, a graduate of Davidson College and of Oxford University, Cambridge, under a Cecil Rhodes Scholarship, now a student of the Union Theological Seminary at Richmond, Va., with J. M. Smith, a graduate of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, and also a student of the Union Theological Seminary, spoke to the members of the Y. M. C. A. on the great need of young men to dedicate their lives to the ministry. Both addresses were clearly and forcibly presented and created a profound impression.

Prof. W. A. Withers has returned from the recent meeting of the Southern Commercial Congress held in Atlanta the latter part of last week, where he delivered an address on "The South's Agricultural Monopoly and the Effect of Rainfall."

ATTACK ON COCA COLA.

Technical Fight Waged by the Department of Agriculture.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 13.—Coca Cola is this week undergoing a technical attack at the hands of the Federal Department of Agriculture, the action being in the Federal court of which a special session is being held at this time by Judge Sanford to try the case.

The case is styled "The United States vs. Forty Barrel and Twenty Kegs of Coca Cola." Beyond this, the action is against nobody in particular, although the barrels and kegs are being aided and abetted in their defense by the Coca Cola Company, of Atlanta, Ga.

Only three witnesses were examined today, Inspector Lynch, Dr. Fuller and W. J. Dobbs. The latter testified to having purchased the 40 barrels and 20 kegs from the Coca Cola Company, of Atlanta, and retailing it in unbroken packages to merchants in Chattanooga. The other testimony was largely technical, with the exception of Inspector Lynch, who told of seizing the goods October 21, 1909, his inspection of the main factory at Atlanta, and succeeding developments.

The inspector testified that he took samples from the seized goods and later inspected the plant. This he found in a condition he said was not satisfactory, and in accordance with the pure food and drug act. Dr. Fuller's testimony was to some extent a corroboration of that of the inspector as to the chemical analysis of the samples sent to the Department of Chemistry.

The case will probably last for two or three weeks. Dr. Wiley probably will go on the stand tomorrow.

WOMAN KILLED DURING STORM.

Mrs. Delia Gordon Struck by Lightning at Kings Mountain.

Kings Mountain, N. C., March 13.—During a sever electrical storm this afternoon, Mrs. Delia Gordon was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Her daughter, Mrs. Wallace, was severely shocked and is in a serious condition. Mrs. Gordon has just opened the door to lok out at the storm when she was stricken. The bolt jumped from the body of the victim to the house badly damaging it.

Charlotte, N. C., March 13.—While standing under a tree near his home, with his four-year-old boy in his arms, Y. H. Evern, a negro, who lives near Hobbiesville, S. C., was this afternoon struck by lightning and both were instantly killed. A peculiar feature was that no marks were found on the child's body while that of the father was badly mutilated.

NO PARDON FOR STRIPLING.

Pardon Board Will Take Up Case Again in April—Influence.

Atlanta, Ga., March 13.—Edgar Stripling, who while serving as chief of police at Danville, Va., under the name of Morris, was re-arrested after 17 years' freedom, on the charge of murder, will not get a pardon from the Georgia pardon board if the widow and relatives of the man he killed can bring sufficient innuence to bear. This statement was made today by Mrs. G. M. Nelson, of Harris county, formerly Mrs. William J. Cornett, widow of Stripling's victim. Speaking of those who are seeking Stripling's pardon, Mrs. Nelson says: "They seem to forget that there is a widow, children, aged father and mother and sisters (for he was the only boy in the family) to whom the loved ones whom Stripling's shot killed, can never return.

Other petitions and letters against the pardon also are being received by the governor, some coming from Danville, Va. On the other hand, however, hundreds of letters and messages are being received urging the pardon of the prisoner, on the ground that during his freedom he led an exemplary life, and reared a large family, who will suffer by his incineration. The prison commission will hold its next meeting early in April when it is probable that Stripling's case will be taken up.

YESTERDAY'S STORM.

Darkness Enveloped Many Sections of the State—The Reports.

Raleigh, N. C., March 13.—At different hours this afternoon almost total darkness prevailed at points in the southern and central portions of the State. At 4 o'clock it was so dark in Raleigh that it became necessary to turn on the lights in all the buildings. At Charlotte the same condition prevailed at 1 o'clock. A heavy hail storm visited Wilmington and vicinity and it is thought that considerable damage was done to early truck. In Raleigh the temperature fell rapidly as at other points, and there were violent electrical displays following the phenomenal darkness.

At Fountains & Elsewhere Ask for "HORLICK'S"

The Original and Genuine MALTED MILK

The Food-drink for All Ages.

At restaurants, hotels, and fountains. Delicious, invigorating and sustaining. Keep it on your sideboard at home. Don't travel without it.

A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no imitation. Just say "HORLICK'S."

In No Combine or Trust

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

EARLY VEGETABLES — Fresh Florida and native vegetables, fancy meats, all kinds. Oysters, best you can get; large fancy celery, fruits, sweetest in town. Palace Market Co.; 'phone No. 72. mh14-tf

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, by couple with three young children. Address "A. B." care Star. mh14-1t*

ROOMS FOR RENT on Chestnut between Front and Second street. Smith & Lord, 120 Princess st.; 'phone 766. mh14-2t

ATTENTION, MOTHERS.—We have a sample line of children's white dresses. Will display and take orders Tuesday and Wednesday this week. Prices range from $1.35 to $5.00 each. Come to see them. The C. W. Polvogt Co. mh14-2t

LOST—Saturday, March 11th, on Front, Second or Market streets, or at Grand Theatre, small round pin; large opal surrounded by small diamonds. Reward, if returned to Walker Taylor's insurance office. mh14-2t*

FOR RENT—Large rooms, suitable for gentlemen or couple, by private family; central location; electric lights, telephone; modern bath; finest table. References requested. "Rooms," care Star. mh12-1t*

FRED E. PIGFORD—Teacher of piano and harmony. For terms, apply to 116 Red Cross street. Lessons in the home or at studio. P. O. Box 624. mh12-2t*

WHEN THE WEATHER is warmer everyone will want a cottage on Wrightsville Beach. We have a few for rent and two for sale. The price will rise with the mercury, so don't delay in visiting Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh12-2t

PROPERTY is very active now. If you want to buy, do so before it goes higher. If you want to sell, give us a description and the fair, true price, and we will find you the purchaser. Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh12-2t

COTTAGE HOUSE with nice lot for sale. West side of 9th street, between Dock and Orange (just north of Gorey's store); good location; price, low. See us today. Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh12-2t

FOR RENT—A very desirable residence of ten rooms, located at 206 Orange street. Has all modern improvements. Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh12-2t

THE HOLDAWAY "BUTTONSEWER." With this clever attachment on your sewing machine you can sew buttons on every garment in your house in a few minutes. Price, $5.00, postpaid. Send name and number of sewing machine. Special Inducements to County Agents. Riley R. Gulley, Box 372, Raleigh, N. C. mh12-2t*

TYPEWRITERS REPAIRED promptly and satisfactorily. Many references. J. T. R., 'phone 625. fe17-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, three good draft horses. W. B. Thorpe & Co. mh10-6t

FOR SALE—Residence in good locality; size of lot 40x132; two-story, seven rooms. Water; electric lights; price, reasonable. Box 194, City. mh12-3t

LET US FIGURE on repainting and repairing your old buggies, wagons and automobiles. We can save you money. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle street. 'Phone 1019 oct. 23-tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; steam heat, electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. fa8-tf

JUST ARRIVED—New lot horses and mules; good drivers; good farm and general purpose horses; heavy draft mules, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs.; guaranteed sound. James J. Darby, 202 South Front street. mh9-6t

LOST—On north side of town the following ice tickets, by our driver, Alex Johnson: 24 100-lbs.; 35 50-lbs.; 24 25-lbs.; and 60 10-lbs. tickets. Any one finding same will please return to office of Consumers' Ice Co. and receive reward. Consumers' Ice Co., 20 Dock st. mh11-tf

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars, cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work Meares Harriss, Notary Public, stenographer, 114 Princess street, 'phone 708. de 1-tu-su-thu-tf.

WILMINGTON SANITARIUM, Front and Castle streets, a modern institution for the treatment of medical and surgical diseases. Especially equipped for the scientific treatment of asthmatic, catarrhal, kidney, genito-urinary, rectal, rheumatic and skin diseases. Massage, Turkish vapor and hot air baths. Mrs. Eliza McDuffie, superintendent; Charles T. Harper, M. D., medical director. no30-tf

ONE APARTMENT of two or four rooms can be rented by desirable and approved parties in the new and renovated Princess Building, 109 Princess st. Everything first class condition, new, neat and clean; modern. Wright's Real Estate Agency. mh12-2t

SMITH & LORD—Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 120 Princess street. If you wish to insure your property or buy or sell real estate, give us a call, or 'phone us. (No. 766). fe26-tf

AUTO FOR HIRE—'Phone 1032. mh10-6t

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES of solid leather suit cases, hand bags, trunks, watches, jewelry, musical instruments, machines, tools, etc. Uncle Charles, Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. ja15-tf

WANTED—Good sewing machine; will rent for any length of time. Address "C. Y.," care Star. mh5-tf

WANTED—To buy feather beds. Cash paid. Address Southern Feather Co., 302 Bladen street. mh2-12t*

DON'T FORGET that there is a sash, door and blind factory at 214 South Front street. Brunswick Wood & Lumber Co.; 'Phone 645. fe11-1mo

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 1, A., F. & A. M.

Regular monthly communication this Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, for work pertaining to the business of the lodge.

All members are requested to attend. Affiliated Masons are cordially invited.

By order of the W. M.

A. S. HOLDEN, Secretary.

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Stop the Leaks

Nickel and dime spending keeps many people poor. Little leaks go unheeded and thus the income leaks away. Stop the leaks now by opening a savings account at our bank. One dollar will start it.

4% Paid

American National Bank

210 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

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AN EXTENSIVE DISPLAY OF FAMOUS MAKES.
STIEFF'S REPOUSE—GORHAM WARE.
INDIVIDUALITY OF EACH PIECE IS AN END ATTAINED.

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When we give you our word regarding a diamond, you can positively rely on it. As experts of lifelong experience and extensive dealings in these gems, we are in every way equipped to give perfect satisfaction in quality, style and cost.

Inspection Invited.

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99 Bags Irish Cobblers.
87 Bags Early Rose.
76 Bags Red Bliss.
63 Bags White Bliss.
315 Barrels Large Mullets.
85 Barrels Medium Mullets.
53 Bags Small Mullets.
47 Barrels Fancy Molasses.
39 Barrels Ponce Molasses.
28 Barrels Porto Rico Molasses.
42 Half-barrels Pride of Georgia.
105 Barrels Sugar House Molasses.

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IF You Believe in a Square Deal IF you want to know a store that will be a really Permanent help to you. Let's get Better Acquainted now.

WE are Still Selling the Balance of our Fall and Winter Clothing

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Money in this Bank answers all your needs. Interest is added every three months.

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The Atlantic Trust & Banking Company

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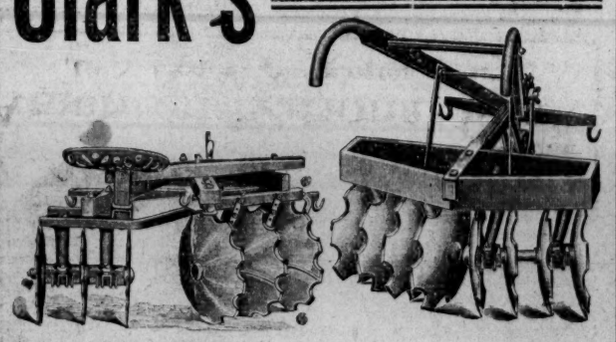
Clark's Harrows



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